



Monday September 15 1997

Abu Dhabi D 2.50
Algeria US\$ 2
Andorra P 10
Australia A\$ 3.50
Bahamas B 0.85
Bangladesh T 1.50
Belgium B 1.50
Bolivia B 1.50
Brazil R 1.50
Canada C\$ 1.50
Czechia C\$ 1.50
Cyprus C\$ 1.50
Denmark D 1.50
Ecuador E 1.50
Egypt E 1.50
Finland F 1.50
France F 1.50
Germany D 1.50
Ghana G 1.50
Greece G 1.50
Hong Kong HK\$ 2.50
Hungary H 1.50
India I 1.50
Indonesia I 1.50
Italy I 1.50
Japan Y 1.50
Korea K 1.50
Kuwait K 1.50
Latvia L 1.50
Lithuania L 1.50
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Malaysia M 1.50
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Mauritius M 1.50
Mexico M 1.50
Morocco M 1.50
Netherlands D 1.50
New Zealand N 1.50
Norway N 1.50
Oman O 1.50
Pakistan P 1.50
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Portugal P 1.50
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Russia R 1.50
Saudi Arabia S 1.50
Singapore S 1.50
South Africa S 1.50
Spain S 1.50
Sweden S 1.50
Switzerland S 1.50
Taiwan T 1.50
Thailand T 1.50
Turkey T 1.50
USA US\$ 2.75

The Guardian

INTERNATIONAL

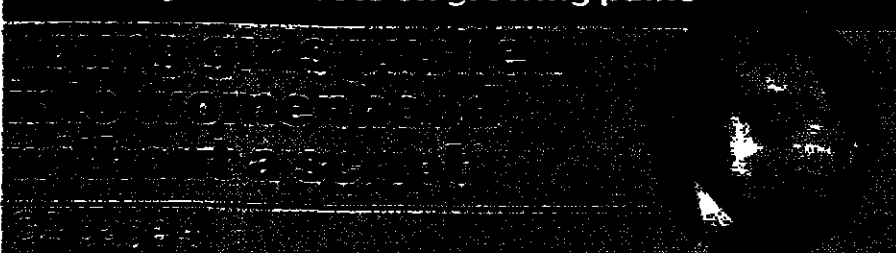
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NEWSPAPER OF THE YEAR
48,971

The happiness gap

**Chasing the
of the good life**
G2 with Euro

Clare Boylan reflects on growing pains



Andrew Neil on the wrath of Murdoch



Amazing claims in royal book

Major row looms
over revelations

Ed Vulliamy in Washington

THE long-awaited and feared book on the royal family by the American popular biographer Kitty Kelley will be published in New York tomorrow containing a string of extraordinary allegations about the Queen, the Duke of Edinburgh, the Queen Mother and others as well as some illuminating insight into the royals' lives and history.

The Guardian has obtained an advance copy of *The Royals*, two days ahead of publication. The copy of the book was obtained without payment, although other British newspapers have been trailing New York with open cheque books.

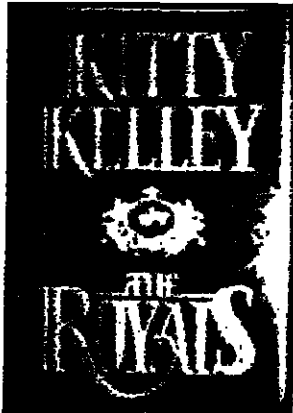
Ms Kelley is due to launch her book in front of a huge audience on NBC television tonight, after which its claims and allegations will, unavoidably, be in the public domain, via radio and the Internet, if not by other means.

The book cannot and will not be published in Britain, both for legal reasons and reasons of taste and decorum — especially during a time of public grief and mourning after the death of Diana, Princess of Wales.

Legal experts have already dubbed the book "The Royals' Spycatcher", a reference to Peter Wright's 1986 book about the security services which was banned in this country despite having been published in the United States.

One living member of the royal family is accused of vitriolic racism and anti-Semitism. There are doubts cast on the lineage of the Queen, and there is close scrutiny of the Queen's deportment as a child and as a young princess courting the Duke of Edinburgh.

The book alleges serial marital infidelity by members of the royal family, of all generations. It casts scorn on some of the younger and newer members of the family, quoting people who knew them



The book on the royal family will not be published here

**'Some figures
close to heart
of royal family
are named as
book's sources'**

well — some of whom are named and others not. There are intimate details of the private world of the late Diana, Princess of Wales, the Duchess of York and the Queen. Hosts and hostesses of the Queen and Princess Margaret are quoted, with criticisms of the demands made on them by the royals.

Although much of the narrative is uncorroborated or comes from unnamed sources, figures close to the heart of the royal family are named and quoted in connection with some of the most extraordinary claims. They make bold criticisms of the royals have conducted, and continue to conduct, their private and personal lives.

Prominent among these is John Burrell, former private secretary to Earl Mountbatten, who describes what he calls the royal family's personality in stinging language. The Duke and Duchess of Leeds describe intimate details of the Queen's and the Duke of Edinburgh's private life.

One source who speaks on the record about Sarah Ferguson, Duchess of York, is the homophobe Stephen Mathin, who treated the duchess before her marriage to Prince Andrew.

The romantic novelist Barbara Cartland is another prominent source, particularly with regard to details on the lives of Earl Mountbatten and the young Prince Charles.

As the central allegations inevitably become known in Britain, they will cause acute controversy and invoke the wrath of an already besieged royal family, sharpening the already fractious air around the monarchy.

Moreover, the allegations will provide a litmus test for the newly promised self-restraint of the British press, testing the duration of its declared intentions.

In the US, however, the book will be a guaranteed and instant bestseller. A million copies have been ordered, and there is likely to be a rush for film rights.

In her introduction, Ms Kelley says her work is the result of interviews with "hundreds" of former royal employees, many of whom are "known to the Queen since childhood".

Ms Kelley quotes Lady Rothschild as warning her: "You must not write a book. We have to protect the royal family from themselves. We don't need an objective book by an American. You're not supposed to be objective about royalty."

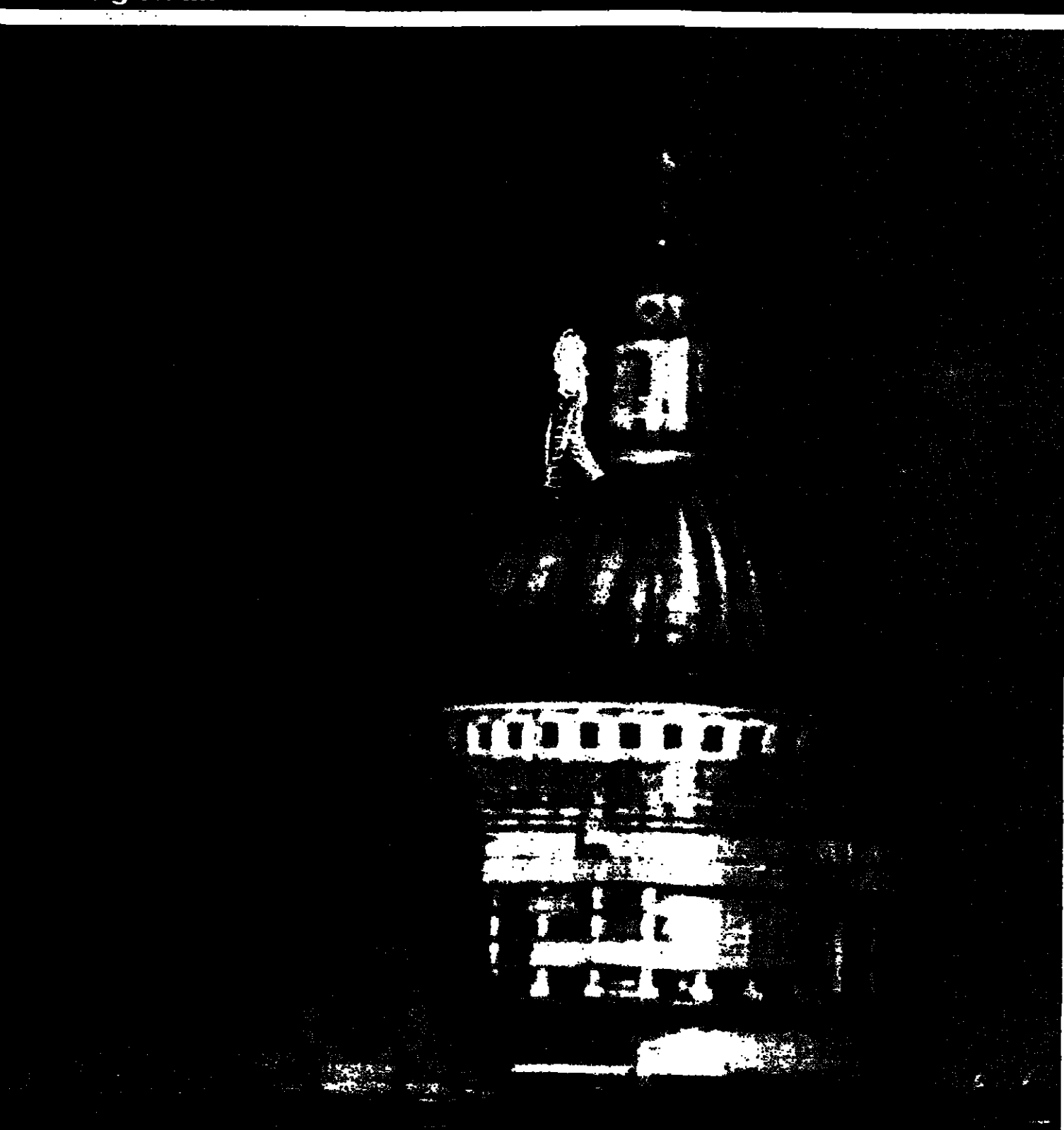
She credits a vast array of helpers in the British media, including the Guardian's Francis Whelan; Rosie Boycott, editor of the Independent on Sunday; Dominic Lawson, editor of the Sunday Telegraph; and Ian Hislop, editor of Private Eye.

Also acknowledged are the British writer Christopher Hitchens, a host of official US libraries, and Michael Cole, spokesman for Mohamed Al Fayed and a former BBC royal correspondent.

Ms Kelley, not known for modesty, begins her book by adapting a proverb to mention her own name: "If a cat may look on a king, so can a kitty."

Later, we learn that when the Queen visits, her hosts "must lock [their] cats in the stable, because Her Majesty abhors cats." She will certainly abhor this one.

Walking on air



Didier Pasquette during his walk over the Thames. He and his partner, Jade Kindar-Martin, safely completed the crossing

PHOTOGRAPH MARTIN GEDWIN

High wire stroll into record books

IN an awesome twilight spectacle watched by tens of thousands, two circus-trained performers walked into the record books last night by crossing the Thames on an inch-thick, 1,000-foot long wire, writes John Eard.

They brought off their £130,000 feat — the longest, highest crossing of its kind

and the first by two people — as nonchalantly as if they were strolling on the Victoria Embankment 150 feet below.

One walker, Jade Kindar-Martin, an American, even climbed over the other, French-born Didier Pasquette, when they met on the "finger-bridge" wire halfway along.

Pasquette, 29, a former star of the anarchic circus act, Archaeo, and Kindar-Martin, 24, both with years of professional training, were paid to practice for nearly three months.

They walked at 7pm, the most perilous time, when the tide was lower than usual because the Thames barrier was closed for tests. This moment was chosen for public relations motives: for onlookers, it provided the best setting for a firework display with techno music which not only greeted their final steps but launched the Thames Festival.

Hague attack backfires

Ewen MacAskill, Chief Political Correspondent

LABOUR last night rounded on William Hague, calling him sad and despicable after he accused Tony Blair of behaving shabbily over the funeral arrangements of Diana, Princess of Wales.

Mr Hague's intervention provoked an unidentified war of words, the first political row over her death.

In a further setback, Mr Hague will wake up this morning to a defection from the Conservatives to the Liberal Democrats. The Lib Dem

leader, Paddy Ashdown, will welcome into the fold Hugh Dykes, the former Tory MP for Harrow East, at a Westminster press conference this morning.

Mr Dykes, an MP for 27 years until he lost his seat in May, will say he is leaving the party because it is becoming increasingly anti-European under Mr Hague.

Reflecting Conservative Central Office belief that Mr Blair had hijacked the funeral for Labour ends, Mr Hague accused Downing Street of deliberately leaking confidential discussions with Buckingham Palace. Mr Blair's aim was to show the royal family in a bad light and him-

self in a good one, Mr Hague insisted.

Downing Street dismissed Mr Hague's allegations, portraying his behaviour as "tawdry" and insisting that press briefings in the week of the funeral had not only been to support Buckingham Palace but had been made with his blessing.

Mr Hague's attack backfired when the palace confirmed that the Queen had sanctioned the briefings. "We don't want to get drawn into a political dogfight, but the Prime Minister offered help as and when they [Downing Street] participated in meetings and offered advice. It turns to page 3, column 7

Winnie to run for top post

David Eversford in Johannesburg

WINNIE Mandela is to run for deputy leader of the African National Congress — a position which would probably give her the deputy presidency of South Africa if she won.

The latest twist in the real-life soap opera of the Mandela family came yesterday afternoon, when the ANC Women's League announced it would nominate Mrs Mandela as deputy president of the ANC at the ruling party's congress in December.

Mrs Mandela, who has been

accused of personal involvement in a series of murders, has a good chance. At the ANC's last congress, in 1994, she came fifth in elections to the executive. She is likely to gain further support this time from ANC members frustrated by the limited achievements of the liberation movement in government.

If elected ANC deputy president, Mrs Mandela would be almost certain to become the country's deputy president when, as expected, Thabo Mbeki succeeds her former husband, Nelson Mandela, as president at the end of his term in 1999.

The announcement comes after a week's controversy

surrounding fresh allegations that Mrs Mandela was involved in the murder of a teenager and a doctor among other killings — in the late 1980s. A book written by a former British newspaper correspondent in South Africa, Fred Bridgland, accused Mrs Mandela of having personally stabbed Stompie Seipei, a 14-year-old murdered in Soweto in 1989.

The book also alleged that she ordered the murder of a Soweto doctor, Abu-Baker Asvat. The "Winnie scandal" dominated the South African press yesterday, with reports that Asvat's family is to request a new investigation into his death.

Who are we?

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Liam: 'star quality in an anorak' PHOTOGRAPH: STEFAN ROUSSEAU

Radical move to symbolism-uh! as Oasis tour goes Pink Floyd

Review

Caroline Sullivan

Westpoint Arena, Exeter

"It's my imagination-uh!" So all-pervasive is the Oasis Effect that it is even influencing the pronunciation of everyday words. Three hulking boys were trudging across wet grass on a frosty West Country night, taking turns singing Cigarettes And Alcohol and punctuating every line with Liam Gallagher's trademark "uh". "It's a crazy situation-uh!" they yodelled, passing around an industrial-size bottle of cider.

Thus began Oasis's first British tour for two years. As even the most indifferent bystander knows, it's been a tumultuous period that saw the band nearly split, both Gallaghers marry and (What's The Story) Morning Glory become one of the best-selling albums in history. They're still at the very top of the rock heap, preternaturally resistant to attempts to dethrone them.

So why did they make the seemingly perverse decision to launch the tour in an 8,000-capacity venue (cupboard-size by their standards) far from the usual circuit? Because they can—and perhaps also to test songs from the new Be Here Now album in front of a smallish audience.

If that hints that the country's favourite beer-sipping, F-word-using, prime-minister-visiting icons have something new up their shabby collars, they have. Prepare to meet Oasis Go Floyd.

Pink Floyd's surrealism was what came to mind, anyway, when a red curtain dropped to reveal the stage set, moments before their entrance. Where once there was a stark backdrop bearing just the group logo, there is now a giant clock, the front half of a Rolls Royce with an STD (as in Barrett's number plate) and a red phone box, all of which appear on the Be Here Now sleeve.

No one has ever accused Oasis of profundity, but there is patently more to this than

meets the eye. Take the clock: obviously a poignant recognition that even they will eventually be too old to flick V-signs. The truncated Roller, resting under Alan White's drum set, proof they're still mad enough for it to trash luxury cars. The old-style phone box: a metaphor for Noel's reverence for pre-phonocard traditional rock.

Well, it's as good an explanation as the real one, whatever that is.

The use of symbolism is radical for Oasis, but rest assured: the music is its arrogant, guitar-pounding old self. In fact, it's even more basic than before, if that's possible. They've dropped all pretensions to sensitivity, like Noel's dreaded acoustic spot, turned up the volume and got to work, confident of their position at the centre of the universe.

Once they'd shuffled on stage through the phone box door, it was a quintessential Oasis show. Liam assumed his baying-upward-at-the-mike pose (a stance practised only by him and Lemmy of Motorhead), and all was right with the world.

What is it that occurs whenever Oasis encounter an audience? There's a charge that elevates the tunes from the pretty good to the best-thing-ever, imparts star quality to a coarse bloke in a blue anorak (Liam) and makes new songs like Stay Young feel like old favourites.

Meanwhile, old favourites, like one that will henceforth be known as Champagne Super-fuckin'-nova, turned the barn of an arena into a heaving sweatbox.

Even Liam's taciturn announcements—"This is for Princess Diana: Live Forever" was quite an outburst for him—were cool and sexy. Never mind that the lack of video screens meant they were invisible to anyone standing more than 30 feet away. Never mind that Noel's guitar ability doesn't merit lengthy diddling at the end of every other song.

Oasis could go on like this for years—and probably will, since their habit of standing motionless means they'll never have to worry about old age slowing them down. They'll still be the most fun you can have with your cagoule on.



Front of a Rolls in Oasis stage set—like Be Here Now sleeve

Whistle blowers 'need help to combat fraud' at work

Richard Norton Taylor

HUNDREDS of employees successfully blew the whistle last year on fraud, malpractice and abuse of people in care, according to the annual report of Public Concern at Work, a charity which offers a confidential hotline to staff worried about unethical conduct.

Growing evidence of fraud and abuse demonstrates the urgent need for statutory protection for whistle blowers, said Guy Dehn, director of the charity.

A Public Interest Disclosure Bill giving statutory protection to whistle blowers is being drawn up by the Tory

MP Richard Shepherd. It is modelled on a measure introduced last year by the Labour MP Don Touhy, but killed off by the Major government.

The bill, which would protect whistle blowers who act in good faith, was supported then by Tony Blair and Ian McCartney, now employment minister.

It is also supported by the Nolan committee on standards in public life.

Mr Dehn said yesterday: "The employee's duty of confidentiality is not akin to the Mafia's code of honour, as is so often implied. Business and public bodies do themselves no favours while they impose absolute silence on their people."

Chancellor urges world financial leaders to accept tougher targets for helping poorest countries

Brown speeds debt relief

Alex Brummer
Financial Editor

THE Chancellor, Gordon Brown, will this week spearhead a global initiative to cancel the debt of the majority of the world's poorest countries by the year 2000.

In his first major speech on development issues, to be delivered tomorrow to the Commonwealth finance meeting in Mauritius, Mr Brown will set a series of bold targets for speeding up the process of relieving poor countries of an estimated \$8.5 billion (about \$3.5 billion) of Western debt.

Mr Brown shares the growing view among churches and other development activists

that the world's financial leaders need to inject new urgency into the process of easing debt burdens if it is not to seize up because of indifference and shortage of funding.

Despite high hopes for the initiative when it was launched last year, only one country, Uganda, has cleared the obstacle course put up by financial leaders, and even it will not benefit until early 1999.

Mr Brown is prepared to revive the campaign for sale of gold reserves held by the International Monetary Fund to ensure his new targets are met. Gold sales have been blocked by the German government.

Mr Brown will propose that by the millennium, 75 per cent of the world's poorest

countries, most in sub-Saharan Africa, will have in place schemes designed to cancel or relieve their debt with the IMF/World Bank and other official creditors. This will free domestic resources to invest in education, health and the relief of poverty.

Mr Brown will seek the support of the Commonwealth, and then the Group of Seven richest nations in Hong Kong on Saturday, for a number of proposals:

□ Poor countries with reform programmes in place, including a degree of transparency in their financial affairs and plans to expand production, should receive urgent relief.

□ All creditor countries should follow Britain's example and cancel repayment of existing aid loans.

□ The official creditors' club which meets in Paris should be more flexible and go beyond the 80 per cent debt forgiveness proposed for countries like Mozambique.

□ The World Bank should review the debt of the poorest countries to determine any gaps in debt relief not covered by existing plans.

□ International financial leaders should look beyond existing plans to make sure the pressure is kept on for debt relief for all countries whose public spending is directed at production, rather than military spending or unnecessary prestige projects.

□ Britain stands ready to provide technical assistance to countries which reshape their public finances and will urge other nations to do the same.

Despite the strong rhetoric from heads of government and financial leaders when the debt initiative was launched, it has been dogged by delays and bureaucratic snafus.

The IMF, which is a full partner with the World Bank in dealing with the issue, has not been able to raise the cash to carry it forward.

Ironically, Mr Brown's plan will add to the IMF's cash needs by speeding up the process.

However, the Treasury believes the additional pressure of targets will encourage countries to come forward with more resources and eventually lead to the freeing up of 5 million ounces of IMF gold for sale.

Finance ministers gather-

ing in Hong Kong this week for the G7 and annual meetings of the IMF/World Bank will be told that four countries, Bolivia, Côte d'Ivoire, Burkina Faso and Mozambique, are close to the point at which relief can be considered.

If the Brown target is accepted, 14 of the world's 19 poorest indebted countries should be on their way to debt relief by the turn of the century, paving the way for a new start in Africa.

The decision to set tougher targets is Mr Brown's first venture into the development area since taking over as Chancellor in May. He is picking up the baton of debt relief which was first carried by his predecessor, the Tory Chancellor Kenneth Clarke.



Greenham Common fence at the ex-US Air Force base in Newbury falls to bolt-cutters handed out to commoners

PHOTOGRAPH: AUSTIN HARGRAVE

Greenham Common fence falls at last

The women who claim their protests won back the site in Newbury were not invited

IT WAS meant to be easy. David Rendel, LibDem MP for Newbury, wielded the district council's ceremonial Big Blue Bolt-Cutters and snipped a thin strand of Greenham Common perimeter fence carefully prepared for him.

Surrounded by dozens of people who had never complained about having enough nuclear missiles to destroy the world parked on their doorstep, he leaned hard on the fence.

Nothing happened. The famous 108-high fence that was cut, decorated and watched over continuously by a generation of women for 18 years in protest against the cold war and nuclear weapons escalation swayed but stuck upright.

"Oi, Mr Rendel, can I show you how?" shouted one woman at the back of the queue waiting to enter the former United States air force base.

Mr Rendel, more used to sitting on the political fence when it comes to nuclear weapons and disputed by-passes, snipped another strand. The council lent their shoulders, the wire fell and 100 people of Newbury streamed through to reclaim some of the most disputed common land in British history.

First through were not the women, some of whom are now aged in their seventies and who spent years camped at the guise, but the authorities who set bailiffs on them and, over the years, dragged more than 5,000 people through the courts for trespass.

To celebrate the official return of the land, the council had not seen fit to invite the women or anyone from the peace movement. In a series of speeches, they managed to avoid all mention of the longest protest in recent history. This was too much like cen-



sorship for Sarah Hipperson, who lost count of the number of times she was arrested or how many months she and others spent in prison. Taking the microphone, she announced that those assembled were "only here because of Greenham Women".

In seconds, she was shouted down by men in suits. As they cried "Nonsense", "We've had enough of you" and "Shove off, you scum", the women started to sing: "You can't kill the spirit. It's like a mountain."

"Bizarre place, Newbury. It's like the men are on one side of the fence, women on the other," remarked a veteran protester, Jennie Chesterton.

Newbury council, having sold the site to the Ministry of Defence for \$6,500 in 1961, have set up a trust and bought

back the massively polluted land for \$7.5 million. For their money they get an industrial estate, Europe's longest runway, tanks that contained 800,000 gallons of aviation fuel, numerous afoes, bunkers and miles of fence. They intend to turn the common into nature trails and charge local businesses to clean up the site.

Inside the camp, to the anger of the council which must keep this part of the site closed to allow the Russians to check there are no missiles stashed away, the women snipped through the last gates leading into "Gamma Zone" where the nuclear warheads and convoys were once stored.

Once protected by 43-ton steel doors and 6ft of concrete, the sites that cost many millions of pounds to construct and maintain are now open to the winds.

"I got a real sense of evil in there," said Jean Kaye, who spent 14 years in protest. "I can still remember the klaxons whenever they opened them and the convoys came out. We danced on top of them once."

Rail firms face £1/2m fine for poor inquiry service

Regulator to impose even tougher penalties if targets are not met

Keith Harper
Transport Correspondent

THE rail regulator has lost patience with the privatised rail companies and will this week fine them more than £500,000 for failing to provide an adequate telephone inquiry service.

Yesterday's deadline set by the regulator, John Swift, passed with the companies falling well short of his objectives. He had set a target that 90 per cent of calls be answered within 30 seconds.

In June, Mr Swift disclosed that the service was chaotic and thousands of enquiries were being left unanswered. In July, he warned the train companies that they could be fined and gave them a month to fall into line.

When they failed to do so, he issued a formal 28 day enforcement notice in August, telling the companies that they would automatically be fined after September 14.

The regulator, who has been monitoring the service with the help of British Telecom, now has to decide the

severity of the fine. It is based on a sliding scale which he has already set. Last night it was being suggested that it could be as high as £550,000.

Mr Swift's grip on the 25 operating companies who run the rail network will not be relaxed. If they fail to meet the 90 per cent target, they will face even more stringent fines in October.

The regulator's action will be welcomed by the Government. Without new legislation to regulate the industry, which receives £2 billion a year from the taxpayer, ministers have to rely on Mr Swift's limited powers to force companies into recognising that they must offer the public a proper service.

Because of parliamentary pressure, the Deputy Prime Minister, John Prescott, is unable to introduce rail legislation until the beginning of the parliamentary session in the autumn of next year.

The regulator has been watching the inquiry service throughout the summer after it was found to be reaching less than 60 per cent of his target.

The service has had a chequered history since its introduction last year. Callers from Scotland to London have reported that they have been unable to get an operator, while those who have managed to get through have constantly claimed that they can never obtain infor-

mation or that it is inaccurate.

The Association of Train Operating Companies, representing the 25 operators, including Virgin, Stagecoach, and National Express, last month confidently predicted that it would exceed Mr Swift's target.

Its system has been banding more than a million calls a week, up by more than 2,000 on last year's figures.

During the last month, pressure on the system has increased.

In the first week of the period, it dealt with a record 1.4 million calls and has only passed Mr Swift's 90 per cent target on isolated occasions. The association said yester-

day that it would have had to answer 98 per cent of all calls over the past fortnight to achieve the regulator's target.

It will consider what action to take when Mr Swift issues his decision.

There has been a widespread public reaction to the failure of the system to answer calls.

Critics say it has fallen apart because the companies have sub-contracted the service to cut-price operators on the basis of cost and not quality.

The association has no appeal, but it may seek a judicial review, claiming that it has been trying to improve the service and Mr Swift is being too tough.

A first for guitar hero



Pete Townshend, right, who unveiled the plaque, with Noel Redding, bass player with the Jimi Hendrix Experience, and Kathy Etchingham, who lived at the house PHOTOGRAPH: DAVID MANSSELL

Hendrix joins the Handel blue plaque band

Stuart Miller

ALMOST unnoticed, the elderly man in the Jimi Hendrix baseball cap, squeezed uncomfortably against the crash bars, wept and smiled. Across the street, the world's media pointed their lenses at the pop stars who turned out to pay tribute to the guitar hero. For the elderly man, it was different. James Al Hendrix was here to remember his son.

Almost three decades after his death, Jimi Hendrix yesterday became the first rock star to be commemorated with a blue heritage plaque. On the wall of his former home at 23 Brook Street in the heart of Mayfair, the earthenware plaque unveiled by another guitar legend, Pete Townshend, declared: Jimi Hendrix, 1942-1970, Guitarist and Songwriter, lived here 1968-1969.

He may have lived in the house for only a year, but for his father, now 78, and his stepmother, Jane, the occasion marked something of a homecoming.



Jimi Hendrix and right, stepmother Jane and father James Al Hendrix at the unveiling

"We always hoped that they would recognise Jimi and to have that happen in London is very special," said Ms Hendrix, who manages his estate. "He loved it here, this is where he was discovered and he had the best times here."

Hendrix's enduring appeal was underlined by the fans, who turned out in their hundreds. Twentysomething



clubbers squeezed against Italian tourists clutching camcorders, while ageing rockers in headbands argued over great guitar solos.

When Hendrix moved into Brook Street with Kathy Etchingham, he was at the height of his fame, about to release his classic third album, *Electric Ladyland*. Thirty years on, he was still

make way for the cameras. "It should be them that are over there posing for pictures beside Jimi's memorial."

There have also been runnings of discontent from the occupants of number 25, which carries a blue plaque in remembrance of another great composer who loved to crank up the volume, George Frederick Handel. The Handel Society is reported to be annoyed, claiming that the Hendrix plaque marks a "dumbing down".

But Townshend was dismissive of such claims. "Not all performers in pop and rock do deserve this honour, but Jimi does... he was so special, so extraordinary, he's up there for me with Miles Davis and Charlie Parker as somebody who was a virtuoso, an innovator. He was different, extraordinary and new."

causing controversy. Many of the fans were outraged to hear that their hero's father and sister had not been invited to the unveiling, but merely had heard about it while in London to promote a new Hendrix album.

"It's a disgrace," said Pat Salisbury, who had got there at 12.30 to be sure of a good spot only to be penned back to

Moment of fame

□ Born in Seattle on November 27, 1942, Hendrix spent his most successful years in Britain where he came to fame.

□ He arrived in September 1966 and his band, The Jimi Hendrix Experience, had its first hit single *Hey Joe* in December.

□ During 1967 the group won European fame though it was little known in the US. That changed after the appearance at the Monterey Pop Festival where he doused his guitar with lighter fluid and burned it.

□ Although the band split in 1969, he seemed destined for greater heights but died in London on September 18, 1970. He had inhaled vomit after overdosing on sleeping tablets.

Most sex offenders dodge list

Lacey Patton

UP to two-thirds of the sex offenders required to sign up for the paedophile register have failed to report to police. Probation workers have identified 2,200 convicted people who should be on the list, but by the registration deadline of midnight last night only about 700 to 800 had come forward.

Although it is thought most of those are simply hoping the fuss will pass over, a few hardcore paedophiles are thought to have gone underground by changing their addresses and identities.

Brian Mackenzie, president of the Police Superintendents' Association, called for the identities of the most dangerous paedophiles who have not registered to be published on the Internet.

The National Association of Probation Officers is required to tell all offenders on probation, parole or community service for serious sex crimes against women or children that they must report to police. It has identified about 2,200 who should be on the list, and has contacted 90 per cent of them.

But the assistant general secretary, Harry Fletcher, said: "This is a group of

people who are deviant, difficult and dangerous, and spend their lives avoiding the police, so it is not surprising some have not registered."

"At most 2 to 3 per cent of them will have absconded. Some will be keeping a low profile and hoping it goes away, others will be frightened of coming forward because they don't know what will happen to the information they are required to give."

When the Government launched the scheme in August, it predicted there would be 7,000 names, but recent police estimates suggest it will be closer to 1,400.

The Sex Offenders Act allows police to arrest anyone who had not signed up by last night, and those found guilty of evading registration can be fined £5,000 or sent to prison for six months.

Mr Mackenzie expected that most police forces would initially take a softly softly approach. "Clearly, we need to be sensible about it. We appreciate that the notice is fairly short and I am fairly relaxed about not everybody having registered."

He will, however, urge the Home Secretary, Jack Straw, in a meeting tomorrow, to take tough line with the law considered to be most dangerous.

Labour rounds on Hague over funeral attack on Blair

Continued from page 1

went quite well," a palace official confirmed.

The Welsh Secretary, Ron Davies, said: "William Hague ought to apologise to the Labour Party and the nation for trying to make that sort of suggestion. It's despicable."

The Conservative leader, the subject of a whispering campaign within his own party over his performance during the last few weeks, said that what had annoyed him about the funeral arrangements were "the apparent briefings to the press, that advice was given to the royal family that was the Government in a good light and the royal family in a bad light".

"That's shabby politics and it's bad government and it is no way to support the royal family in the future."

Mr Hague, who will repeat the allegations in a speech to

Conservative Central Office tonight, said: "I can't believe that has been done with the sanction or authority of the Prime Minister. Prime ministers give confidential advice to the royal family. But he should prevent it happening at any time."

A Downing Street spokesman said: "It is inappropriate that an event that brought the nation together should be treated by William Hague in this way, turning it into a tawdry affair."

But Labour does not escape unscathed. There was evidence yesterday that elements within Labour, knowing Mr Hague was to launch his attack, attempted to deflect it by providing details to Sunday broadsheets about Prince Charles's reported desire to abolish the £7.9 million Civil List, the state funding of the royal family.

Split Unionists go to the brink

Boycott could turn historic Ulster talks into damp squib

John Mullin
Ireland Correspondent

ULSTER Unionists were last night playing a game of brinkmanship ahead of the start of today's historic all-party talks on Northern Ireland's future. They will decide this morning at a meeting of their negotiating team whether to take their place at the table across from Sinn Féin.

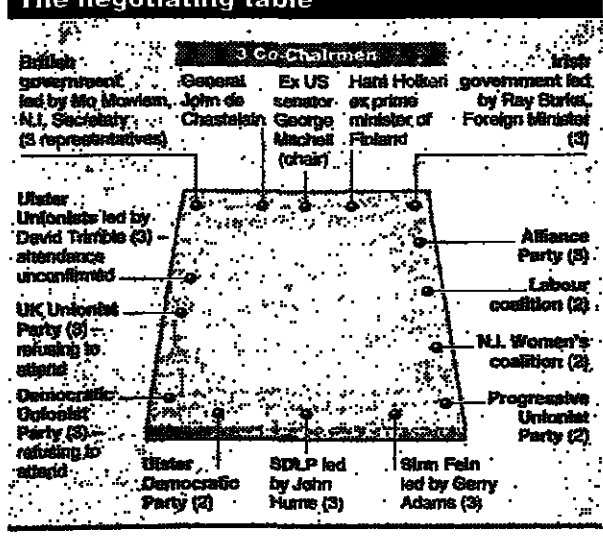
Although the party's executive committee has left the tactics to the leadership, it wants the party to stay in the peace process. But its negotiators are split on what to do.

Several senior figures are opposed to entering proximity talks. One predicted this afternoon's talks at Stormont Castle would be "a damp squib". That would leave Sinn Féin facing a unionist boycott.

George Mitchell, the former US senator chairing negotiations, will demand from Sinn Féin an explanation for the IRA's comments last week that it had "problems" with the Mitchell principles of democracy and non-violence which Gerry Adams agreed last week.

The Democratic Unionist Party wants Sinn Féin ex-

The negotiating table



cluded. Leader David Trimble, will take the final decision on Ulster Unionist tactics. There were some hints that his team might go to Stormont Castle today. One senior figure said: "You can be sure we will not leave the political stage to the cavorting of the IRA."

With the DUP and the UK Unionists refusing to attend, it is vital to the Government that Mr Trimble's team takes part. Paul Murphy, the Minister for Political Development, said the Ulster Unionists, the largest party in Northern Ireland, should confront Sinn Féin. "These talks should be inclusive. I hope that is going to be the case."

But Tony Blair's intervention over the weekend soothed many Ulster Unionist worries. Writing in the Newsletter, Belfast's pro-Union morning newspaper, he effectively guaranteed the principle of consent.

Mr Trimble told Breakfast with Frost yesterday he was still "cautiously exploring the options". He added: "We are determined, one way or another, that the Unionist voice be heard."

The indications are that the Ulster Unionists will go into round-table talks at some stage. But the timing is in doubt.

The Government is confident it will be in a position to name all the members of the body which will oversee the decommissioning of weapons. It wants disarmament while the all-party talks proceed, an agreement on the body should give succour to the Unionists.

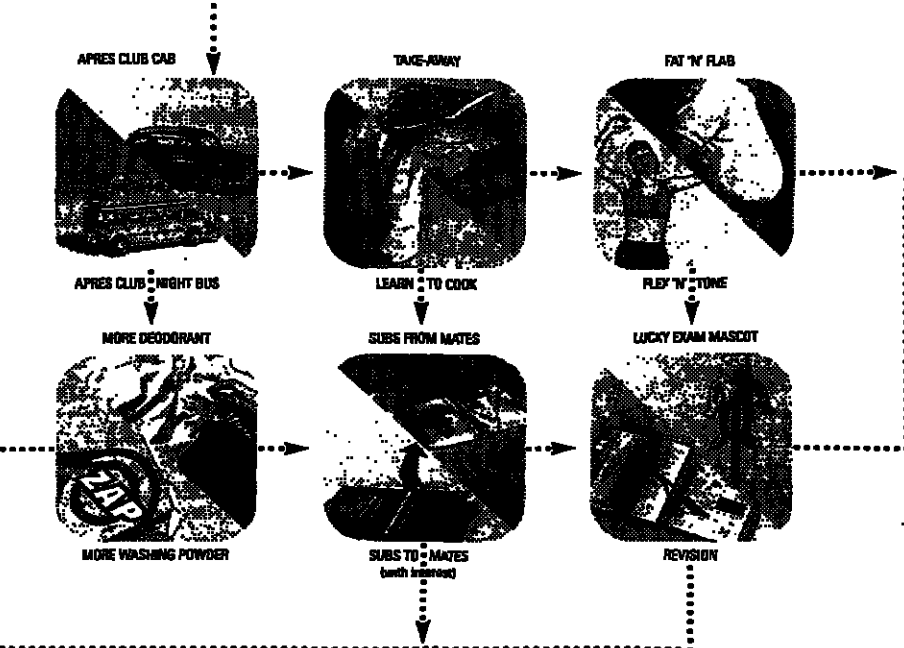
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Little girls are still cast naked into the world and desperately in search of a costume. Boys are born knowing (and girls soon find out) that possession of a penis is all the label you need for life.
Clare Boylan reflects on an awkward age for women

G2 page 4

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Ministers braced for public sector pay fight

Ewen MacAskill
and John Carvel

MINISTERS are bracing themselves for an embarrassing row with public sector workers as the Treasury prepares to issue guidance this week that there should be no relaxation of the tight public spending controls inherited from the Conservatives.

Stephen Byers, the school standards minister, underlined the Government's tough attitude yesterday when he dismissed head teachers' claims for an inflation-busting 10 per cent rise. The money should be spent on books, equipment and more teachers, he said.

He softened this by saying there could be higher pay to

encourage the most skilled teachers to stay.

Head teachers submitted on Friday the 10 per cent pay claim they said was required to stave off a recruitment crisis, and health unions are also demanding big rises. Doctors and nurses are to submit their claims to the salaries review body tomorrow.

The Treasury, also putting forward its submission this week, is determined to stick to public spending ceilings inherited from the Tories.

"It is not our intention to have a row," said Mr Byers. "We will be firm but fair. The public sector unions will understand that. We want more money going into schools and hospitals rather than pay."

Another government source said: "No one expected a pay bonanza when they voted Labour."

While the Conservatives could easily shrug off protests from the public sector, confrontation with the unions will embarrass Labour, especially with its annual conference coming up.

Nigel de Gruchy, general secretary of the National Union of Schoolmasters/Union of Women Teachers, the second-largest teaching union, warned yesterday that sooner or later there's bound to be an explosion of anger among teachers. Industrial action can't be ruled out if teachers are going to be pushed down year after year.

The Government's hand was strengthened yesterday while asking nurses and others in the public sector to accept virtually nothing," she said.

"We want decent rises for our members because there is evidence of a shortage of

nurses... There is not a shortage of people wanting to be cabinet ministers."

Mr Byers told GMTV's Sunday Programme with Alastair Stewart: "I think it's disappointing that the first thing a general secretary of a teacher union does is threaten that they're going to go on strike, when in fact we've had the first tranche of new money coming into the education service for many years."

He confirmed the Government wanted sound public finances, so would stick to the agreed two-year public spending limits.

The Budget made more than £1 billion extra available for education. "But we want that money spent on more teachers so we can reduce class sizes. We want to spend it on books and updating equipment. Those have got to be the priorities."

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Model student 'a special case' after pupils' deaths School plea to halt boy's deportation

Duncan Campbell

ASOUTH London school, two of whose pupils have been murdered this year, is asking the Home Office to intervene in the deportation of one of its other students.

The local MP is to meet a Home Office minister to argue that the unique events at the school over the past nine months mean that a special case can be made for the boy to stay.

Diego Occasiones, a Colombian, aged 15, came to this country four years ago with his parents and younger brother. His father, who had been a trade union activist, sought political asylum which he has not been granted. He has been told he is liable to be deported at any time.

Diego attends Kidbrooke school, in Kidbrooke, south-east London. His head teacher, Trisha Jaffe, describes him as a model student who has many friends in the school and, as a monitor, has responsibility for

younger pupils. In January this year, Carl Rickard was attacked outside the school with a machete by Nathan Brown, a boy from a neighbouring school who claimed to be a member of a Triad gang.

Carl was struck on the head and died in hospital two weeks later. Last week Brown, aged 15, was convicted of murder at the Old Bailey and ordered to be detained at Her Majesty's pleasure.

Many pupils at Kidbrooke school saw the attack and many of them were interviewed by police. A number gave evidence anonymously at the trial.

In May, another pupil, Kirsty Tidman, aged 14, disappeared. Parts of her dismembered body were found in the Thames but her head has never been recovered.

Her cousin, Paul Pearson, committed suicide after being questioned by police, who are certain that he killed the girl. Her inquest was held earlier this month. Diego Occasiones knew both Carl and Kirsty.

Ms Jaffe, who took over as

head last year, believes that the deportation of Diego would have a traumatic effect both on him and on fellow pupils who have already recently lost three close friends: a third pupil was killed in a car accident.

"We are now faced again with this overlapping loss," she said.

Pupils and their parents have signed petitions to the Home Office citing the extraordinary circumstances in which Diego finds himself. The borough's chief psychiatric social worker also believes that the case merits special attention.

The family's lawyer, Douglas Noble, has taken the issue to judicial review, but without success.

Today Nick Raynsford, the Labour MP for Greenwich and Woolwich, is due to meet Mike O'Brien, Home Office minister with responsibility for immigration, to put Diego's case.

Yesterday Mr Noble said he hoped that, because the case would create no precedent, Mr O'Brien would be able to intervene.

Fresh hope for primaries

John Carvel
Education Editor

AT LEAST 7,000 primary schools where pupils are making insufficient progress at reading and writing are to be targeted by the Government for the most intensive programme of teacher retraining and support ever mounted in the education service.

Ministers think this intervention is needed to increase the proportion of 11-year-olds who reach the expected standard of literacy from 57 per cent in 1996 to 80 per cent before the next election.

The plan will be announced today in the final report of the literacy task force set up by David Blunkett, the Education and Employment Secretary, before Labour came to power. It recommends retraining for all 190,000 serving primary teachers to provide them with better classroom techniques. A daily "literacy hour" will be introduced, and parents encouraged to help with homework.

But the task force concludes that this basic programme for prioritising literacy in all primary schools will not be enough to achieve the national target.

"We believe that between 40 and 50 per cent of schools nationally will require more intensive support. These will be schools either serving areas of social disadvantage where attainment is low, or those where performance is relatively poor," the report says.

These schools would receive "therapy" lasting four terms, and consultants to organise and monitor the improved teaching methods. About 10 per cent of schools would be selected next year in the first wave of a programme lasting until 2002. The report says teachers should not be blamed for the low standard of literacy. "The teaching method is often based upon a distant recollection of what they learned when they trained and their experience since then." Previous governments called for improvements in literacy, but their "unconnected worthy initiatives" failed to provide either the back-up or the incentives.

Primary teachers would benefit from a more co-ordinated approach. "Instead of finding themselves the beleaguered targets of public criticism, we hope [they] will come to see themselves as playing a leading part in a major social transformation."

The report promises funds for retraining, and suggests the national curriculum may have to be slimmed down when it is revised in 2000 to give teachers more of a say in how they teach minor subjects and use more time for literacy and numeracy.

Michael Barber, the task force chairman and head of the standards and effectiveness unit at the Department for Education and Employment, said there had never before been such an ambitious development programme.

Stephen Byers, the school standards minister, said the report gave a clear picture of how the Government targets could be achieved. "It provides a step-by-step guide for local education authorities."



Sunseekers enjoy some late summer weather as Kate Rafferty and Tony Fletton collect rubbish from the beach at Swyre Head, Dorset, on what has become an annual beach sweep. Volunteers have spent up to two weeks cleaning along the south-west coast. PHOTOGRAPH: DAVID MANSFIELD

Editors respond to outrage over Diana's death with self-regulation on intrusive photographs in readiness for new code of practice

Sunday tabloids join picture ban

Stuart Millar

THE backlash against the paparazzi continued yesterday when Sunday tabloid newspapers promised they would no longer publish intrusive pictures, in an attempt to distance themselves from the outrage following the death of Diana, Princess of Wales.

The move, led by a thundering editorial in the News of the World and echoed in the Sunday Mirror and the People, brings the papers into line with their daily counterparts, which last week announced similar bans in response to Earl Spencer's biting attack on the press during Diana's funeral.

The News of the World said the circumstances of Diana's death "highlighted the conduct of roving bands of thugs with cameras who operate on the underbelly of the newspaper world."

Michael Fabricant, MP for Lichfield and a member of the Commons' culture, media and sport select committee, welcomed the move. "The public

mood is now ready for curbs on the press, so the newspapers have to show they can deliver a workable and sustainable restraint that will not merely last for the short period of grief over Diana, but for the years to come as well."

Lord Wakeham, chairman of the Press Complaints Commission, the industry's self-regulatory body, has already consulted editors about the tragedy. He is expected to issue a new code of practice shortly after the PCC meets on September 24.

Lawyers for the nine photographers and one driver arrested after the crash believe they will not stand trial since medical tests have shown that Dodi Al Fayed's chauffeur, Henri Paul, was drunk and under the influence of drugs.

The News of the World said it would follow the present code, which forbids long-range shots of people on private property and the "merciless stalking and pursuing" of people in the news. "Every other newspaper should have the courage to do the same instead of fighting squally among themselves as they

scramble for the moral high ground," it said. The paper will now demand that photographers and picture agencies around the world follow the rules or face a ban on their photographs. A ban on publishing pictures of Princes Harry and William without their father's permission is already in place.

The Sunday Mirror also said it would respect the privacy of the princess. Bridget Rowe, its editor, wrote: "All I ask you is to give us time to prove... we care for the royal family and its future."

However, today the war of words continued between the Daily Mail and the Daily Telegraph about the media's treatment of Diana. Charles Moore, the Telegraph's editor, attacked the system of self-regulation.

But in today's Media Guardian Paul Dacre, the Mail's editor, hits back, accusing Mr Moore of cynically exploiting the issue to gain competitive advantage. "At the very time when calm and collective action are needed by all papers in concert, Mr Moore is engaged in a jihad."



Shoppers cleared the shelves of Elton John's tribute record within minutes of the Virgin Megastore in Dudley opening on Saturday morning

If you think hot's uncool for dare you're not so baff

Dan Gialster
Arts correspondent

IT ALL used to be so simple. Bad meant good, and wicked was even better. Now it's all changed. A new dictionary of slang reveals that if you use the term "wicked" you are either still at primary school or are extremely uncool, possibly both.

And when you want to say that something is good, forget bad. "Dare", for British teenagers, is about as good as it gets. As one 16-year-old boy says: "Don't say bad, because it's a stressed out word. And stressed out means something which we don't approve of."

Tony Thorne, editor of the new edition of Bloomsbury's Dictionary of Contemporary Slang, who spent three years

working on the book, said that despite the arrival of the Internet, the best way to discover the language people use is to go out and listen to it.

"You have to hang out in as many low-life locations as you can," he said. "Cardboard City, football matches, raves, I have to go in disguise because I'm in my forties... the drug addicts and football hooligans have always been very nice, though."

Although the Internet has empowered a new group of slang-users who previously would never have written their language down, it has spawned quite a conservative group of linguists, he said.

"There are hundreds of websites on slang. It shows how completely beyond the control of the OUP-type lexicographers they are."

The glossaries, though, tend to be the same couple of hundred words repeated.

"Slang is alive and well, though. The fact that much underground culture has become overground culture means there's not the same need for the kind of secret code that slang offered. But it has the positive effect... that people aren't ashamed of using slang."

The root of much slang is a desire not to be understood by those outside your group. Young people, particularly boys, have extensive, fast-evolving slang.

The Dictionary of Contemporary Slang, edited by Tony Thorne, is published by Bloomsbury on September 25 at £18.99.

Diana crash: French police discount 'black car' reports

Alex Duval Smith in Paris

FRENCH police yesterday quashed claims that manoeuvres by a dark-coloured small car may have contributed to the crash which killed Diana, Princess of Wales, Dodi Al Fayed and their driver.

A police source said: "We are 98 per cent certain that there was no car hindering Lady Di's Mercedes in the underpass. Similarly, we have ruled out a prang with another car immediately before the crash, even though red plastic from a rear light was found in the underpass."

Since the crash on August 31, several people close to the management of the Ritz Hotel, owned by the Al Fayed family,

have spoken of a black Peugeot 205 which "cut up" Diana and Dodi's car.

They have claimed that the Peugeot 205 was working for photographers pursuing Diana and Al Fayed. The claim resurfaced again yesterday in an interview given to the Mail on Sunday by Alexander "Kee" Wingfield, a bodyguard for Dodi's father. Mr Wingfield, aged 32, assigned by Mr Al Fayed to guard Diana, said that a small black Peugeot swerved in front of a car taking the couple from Le Bourget airport to central Paris on the afternoon before the crash.

Legal sources have confirmed that the investigation is now focused on Paul who was found to be three times over the French blood-alcohol level.

Candle In The Wind becomes fastest-selling single in a day

Emily Sheffield

ELTON JOHN'S tribute single to Diana, Princess of Wales, rocketed straight to No 1 yesterday, having gone platinum in a day and become the fastest-selling single of all time.

Candle In The Wind 1997 sold more than 600,000 copies on its first day, according to Music Week magazine, and is likely to beat the current record holder, Band Aid, which sold 3.5 million overall.

The tribute has easily

outripped Oasis's hit D'You Know What I Mean? which took three days to sell 250,000 in July. Most No 1 singles sell only about 75,000 in the week they top the charts.

Music shops all over the country had sold out by lunchtime Saturday — after people queued for hours, many since Friday night, to snatch up their £3.99 CD or cassette.

Mercury Records brought in 1,000 extra staff to its main pressing plant yesterday to get 1,000,000 extra copies to stores by this morning.

The single — a rewritten version of Elton's 1970s tribute to Marilyn Monroe — is expected to raise at least £10 million for the Diana, Princess of Wales Memorial Fund.

Tony Brown from Music

Week said that it was unlikely the record would be the Christmas No 1. "People will have wanted to get their grief out of the way, and the new Spice Girls album is out in a few weeks."

"I think that will knock Elton off to top spot."

Band Aid sold nearly 750,000 copies in its first week, a figure likely to be broken today.

It is not yet known how many records each shop will receive but a spokesperson from Tower Records said they were preparing for similar scenes to Saturday.

Many shops even had to introduce rationing as some were asking for a 100 copies at a time.

Books of condolence at Kensington Palace will remain open until Sunday, from 9am to 5pm daily.

How S-For foiled coup by Karadzic

Jonathan Steele in Sarajevo reports on a night when tough talking, diplomacy and military force averted the biggest threat to regional peace in two years

AFTER a night of telephone calls to the White House, British troops and a cigar-smoking retired United States air force general last week narrowly averted the biggest threat to the two-year-old peace process in Bosnia since the Dayton agreement.

The crisis in the Bosnian Serb heartland of Banja Luka on Monday night, when armed thugs tried to seize the presidential palace and television transmitter, was far greater than was admitted.

Interviews with local security officials, international negotiators and eyewitnesses suggest the indicted war criminal Radovan Karadzic masterminded the coup attempt against his rival, the Western-backed Bosnian Serb President Biljana Plavsic. President Slobodan Milosevic of Yugoslavia also backed the coup bid.

Just before midnight on Monday, when hundreds of thugs threatened to break barricades manned by local police, White House and state department officials were sought for British troops to use lethal force if necessary. The tough decision was in marked contrast to Nato behaviour in the strategic town of Brcko two weeks ago, when US troops gave way to a much smaller group of stone-throwing Bosnian Serbs.

Local police put the shift in tactics down to the different military approach adopted by British commanders in whose region Banja Luka comes, but also to the no-nonsense, tough-guy style of Jacques Klein, an ex-USAF general.

Mr Klein, deputy to the international High Representative for Bosnia, the Spaniard Carlos Westendorp, had flown to Banja Luka on Monday afternoon. "He found a scene of confusion," a senior police source said.

Mr Klein immediately countermanded orders from the Organisation for Security and Co-operation in Europe to allow a rally by anti-Plavsic supporters to go ahead in the

'Klein threatened Krajisnik he would use all necessary force against the bus people'

Boda, the regional commander of the international police forces in Banja Luka.

"Our contacts advised us Karadzic himself was behind the coup," said Predrag Ceranic, the head of state security in Banja Luka.

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cilo Krajisnik, Mr Karadzic's closest colleague, whose rally earlier in the evening had flopped when only 200 supporters attended, thanks to the bus blockade.

Curiously, Mr Krajisnik did not leave town and go home. He checked into the hotel Bosna, across from the presidential palace, and gave an upbeat press conference, apparently believing his forces would reach town during the night to mount their coup.

After the policeman was shot, Mr Klein again telephoned Washington from the local police station. He held conference calls with the national security council's Bosnia specialist and Robert Gelbard, the special US envoy for Bosnia, as well as the commander of Nato troops in Bosnia, US General Eric Shinseki. Maj-Gen Ramsay was shuttling to and from the frontlines to inspect the deteriorating situation.

Meanwhile the local police had fended off another 30 men who had sneaked round a back route at Gradiska to storm the television transmitter on Mount Kozarac.

Mr Klein twice telephoned the Yugoslav foreign minister, urging him to ring Mr Krajisnik to tell him to turn the buses round.

Around midnight Mr Klein got agreement for the Nato troops to use tear gas or live ammunition. He telephoned Mr Krajisnik again. Klein threatened Krajisnik that he would use all necessary force against the bus people. In fact, he threatened him before he had Washington's agreement," said an eyewitness.

Armed with the new authorisation, Mr Klein also asked Cheryl Plumridge, the British head of the High Representative's Banja Luka office, to go round to the Hotel Bosna to see Mr Krajisnik's people.

Realising S-For meant business, Mr Krajisnik backed down. He promised to get the buses and people moved back to eastern Bosnia. Only at 4am, when word came that the buses were well and truly on their way, did Mr Klein and Maj-Gen Ramsay go off to bed.

Within an hour they were roused again, when the local police besieged the Hotel Bosna and disarmed and searched Mr Krajisnik's bodyguards. The new crisis captured the headlines, but what had gone on earlier was far more dangerous.



A US soldier frisks a Muslim refugee going to vote in the Serb-controlled town of Brcko

PHOTOGRAPH BY MALDEN ANTONOV

Voters defy nationalists by returning to pre-war home towns

Jonathan Steele in Glamoc

THOUSANDS of Bosnians turned out this weekend to defy the nationalist parties by voting to reverse the results of wartime ethnic cleansing. In the first local elections since the 1995 Dayton peace agreement, displaced Serbs, Muslims and Croats chose to vote heavily for their former towns, rather than the places where they now live.

Glamoc, a community of potato-farmers in a remote highland plateau, is a prime example of this weekend's trend. Before the war, 82 per cent of its 12,000 people were Serbs. They left when the Croatian army came over the border to help Bosnian Croat forces capture the region in 1995.

Several hundred Croats moved into the destroyed town and now represent over 50 per cent of the population.

But voters can register in their old municipalities, and on Saturday a busload of Serbs turned up. "We call our group Zavrca [Homeland]," said Ranko Jovicic, who hopes to be Glamoc's mayor.

"Most of us live in Banja Luka, but we want to come home."

Several hundred other Serb refugees from Glamoc registered to vote for their old town by absentee ballot. They defied the ruling party in Republika Srpska which wants Serbs to stay in the entity.

Similar defiance appeared among ordinary Croats. To counter the wave of would-be Serb returnees, Croatian nationalists had urged the new Croat residents — most of whom had fled from Bugojno, a largely Muslim town 50 miles away — to register for Glamoc.

But Angelika Kujundic insisted: "I want to go home to Bugojno. I want to be able to worship in my old church."

Besides Glamoc, analysts believe that up to 29 of the 135 local councils could change hands. Elsewhere, minority groups could end up with 30 or 40 per cent of the vote.

Clubs sing God save Le Queen

Alex Duval Smith in Paris

BENEATH banners, one of which declared "Paris, capitale de l'enfer", about 2,000 people marched solemnly and danced intermittently yesterday for the right to enjoy themselves.

Two weeks after the police closed down five of the French capital's most popular nightclubs because of ecstasy dealing, their customers came out into the daylight of the city's Marais district.

Stephanie, aged 23, thought it a bit much when the speaker-van laid on by Le Scorp, one of the clubs shut for six months, piped up Mahler's Funeral March (5th Symphony).

The DJ then began mixing it with Ultra Nate's Free (To Be What You Want To Be), and the Rine Viedle du Temple erupted to the beat.

"We may as well dance here since we're not to do so in our usual clubs," said Stephanie, as the sea of tight white T-shirts bogged past the Central bar, closed to mark the day of mourning.

Her friend Sonia, also 23, felt the closures — which came up for appeal in two weeks' time — were an expression of homophobia.

"All the clubs which have been closed are predominantly gay, but everyone knows that is where you have the most fun," she said.

According to the police, the five clubs — Le Queen, Le Cox, L'Esprit, Le Scorp and Les Folies Pigalle — are also where ecstasy dealing is at its most rife in Paris. But their closure has almost deprived Paris of its most fashionable night-spots at a stroke.

Cyril, aged 25, was marching beneath a "God save Le Queen" banner. He said: "If drugs are a problem at Le Queen, police ought to go to Les Bains Douches and Les Planches. But they won't, because those are establishment clubs and they would end up arresting too many television personalities."

The unprecedented closures followed an eight-month investigation which reportedly netted "considerable amounts" of ecstasy and resulted in 20 arrests.

Léttia, aged 23, had joined the demonstration because "it's impossible to have fun any more". She said: "I don't take ecstasy. Of course there are drugs in the clubs, but so are there in prisons and on street corners." Her placard read: "What will they shut next? The Metro?"

Philippe Fatiou, Le Queen's 43-year-old owner, said he had asked the police for help in reducing drug consumption. "Unlike Britain, the Netherlands or Belgium, we are not allowed to do body searches," he said. "If one of our security staff finds drugs and we call the police, we can be prosecuted for aiding drug dealing."

Currencies to lock step 7 months before euro

Stephen Bates in Mondorf-les-Bains, Luxembourg

EUROPEAN Union finance ministers have decided to lock bilateral exchange rates next May, seven months before the introduction of the euro, on the same day as the EU decides which countries qualify to join monetary union.

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The DJ then began mixing it with Ultra Nate's Free (To Be What You Want To Be), and the Rine Viedle du Temple erupted to the beat.

"We may as well dance here since we're not to do so in our usual clubs," said Stephanie, as the sea of tight white T-shirts bogged past the Central bar, closed to mark the day of mourning.

Her friend Sonia, also 23, felt the closures — which came up for appeal in two weeks' time — were an expression of homophobia.

"All the clubs which have been closed are predominantly gay, but everyone knows that is where you have the most fun," she said.

According to the police, the five clubs — Le Queen, Le Cox, L'Esprit, Le Scorp and Les Folies Pigalle — are also where ecstasy dealing is at its most rife in Paris. But their closure has almost deprived Paris of its most fashionable night-spots at a stroke.

Cyril, aged 25, was marching beneath a "God save Le Queen" banner. He said: "If drugs are a problem at Le Queen, police ought to go to Les Bains Douches and Les Planches. But they won't, because those are establishment clubs and they would end up arresting too many television personalities."

The unprecedented closures followed an eight-month investigation which reportedly netted "considerable amounts" of ecstasy and resulted in 20 arrests.

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euro back on target for a launch in 15 months' time after a summer of political turbulence and calls for delay.

But there were early signs of future problems as the ministers disagreed about budgetary contributions and the harmonisation of taxation — issues which will probably remain unresolved into the next century.

Yves de Silgny, the currency commissioner, said the decision to lock exchange rates would increase the irreversibility and transparency of the final steps towards monetary union (EMU) next year, and help companies prepare for it.

The plan is designed to curb speculative trading before EMU, although the method of determining bilateral rates will not be announced until May. It is expected that the locking rate will be fixed on the current average central rate within the exchange rate mechanism, since most currencies are within 2 per cent of that.

Such a decision would cause problems for the Irish punt, which is tied to the pound, whose strength means it is at present up to 10 points adrift. If it remains that strong, Dublin may be forced into an unwelcome devaluation.

The Chancellor, Gordon

Brown, reiterated that the Government would discuss entry into EMU on its merits. The growing confidence that the difficulties of qualifying for the single currency will be overcome follows a summer of good economic figures and Germany's latest projections that it will be able to bring its debt below 3 per cent of GDP. It will do so by excluding health-service debt from its public sector borrowing requirement, on the basis that most of the debt is privately incurred.

The renewed confidence that the euro will be launched on schedule and that Germany's position is assured —

enabling it once more to exercise a dominating say over the currency and its participants — prompted Italy, the weakest potential member, to claim that it, too, would be ready.

The latest figures show that Italy is also close to achieving the 3 per cent target, and its treasury minister, Carlo Ciampi, said: "We face some difficult months but we know that by the end of the year we will have reached our goal."

There was no such agreement on readjusting the EU's budget, Germany, France, Sweden and the Netherlands insisting that their contributions should be cut.

Theo Waigel, the German finance minister, said: "The distribution of the burden is such that we bear 60 to 70 per cent of the net burden each year. It is 20 billion marks (27 billion). This is not just a German problem."

Spain and Greece — both recipients of structural funds and subsidies — made it clear that they saw no reason why this should stop.

France, too, insisted that tax harmonisation measures should be enforced, ending or seriously curtailing tax havens and the competitive rates offered by some countries to attract companies: a move that irked British officials.

Perilous poll leaves Norway cold

Harry Joyce in Oslo

NORWEGIANS go to the polls today in what promises to be a cliff-hanger vote after a six-week campaign in one of the world's richest countries that has proved devoid of any real substance.

In true Scandinavian fashion the prime minister, Thorbjørn Jagland, has set 36.5 per cent of the national vote as the lowest he will accept for his re-election.

Failure to reach this would make Norway ungovernable for his Labour Party, which has formed a minority government since 1990. Last-minute opinion polls predicted the race would be tight.

The polls show Labour sup-

port hovering just below the 36.5 per cent level which Mr Jagland — seeking re-election for the first time — set because it was the percentage Labour won in the last election in 1993 under its veteran leader Gro Harlem Brundtland.

In a country which earns \$1.5 million every hour from North Sea oil, voters do not get steamed up about the everyday issues of how to make ends meet. In fact, Norwegians are not getting steamed up about anything.

"I have to confess I really don't know what the issues are in this election," said Anne Enger Lahnstein, leader of the Centre Party, who played a key role in defeating pro-Europeans in a 1994 referendum on whether Norway should join the European Union.

If Mr Jagland fails to reach the level he has set himself, the result is likely to be the most chaotic few weeks Norwegian politics has ever known, with a rocky coalition of centrists and conservatives under the Christian People's Party leader, Kjell Magne Bondevik, the likely victor.

Spilling the gentle campaign has been the raucous and uncompromising extreme-rightwinger Carl Hagen, support for whose Progress Party leapt to an unprecedented 25 per cent last month before falling off.

Mr Hagen is often accused of bearing a political resemblance to Jean-Marie Le Pen in France. He has succeeded in nurturing a racist tendency that is usually well concealed in Norway.

The 53-year-old's confrontations with immigrants are often bad-tempered and crude.

Mr Hagen has tried to steer critics away from his views on immigration by concentrating on social issues, promising to spend more on health care and the elderly by using Norway's oil revenue now, instead of pouring it into the Petroleum Fund — designed to cushion the country when the oil eventually dries up.

Mr Jagland became prime minister just 11 months ago and has stumbled several times, but he has grown in confidence during the campaign, making a direct reference to Tony Blair's "education, education, education" policy promise.

News in brief

Nuclear drums in Channel

Greenpeace said yesterday that its divers had found drums of radioactive waste from La Hague nuclear reprocessing plant only 250 yards off a beach near Cherbourg.

The plant's director, Patrick Ledermann, said the drums would be gone within a few days, adding that an earlier operation to remove them and other drums had been hampered by strong currents. — Reuters.

ETA 'extortion'

ETA has sent extortion letters to more than 100 Spanish business owners in recent weeks, demanding money to finance its violent campaign for Basque independence. El Pais newspaper reported yesterday. Demands for up to £165,000 were said to have been received by businesses mainly linked to tourism in the northern Navarre region, which is part of the territory ETA wants for a Basque state. — AP.

Anjouan ready

The Comoran island of Anjouan, whose government wants to secede, yesterday banned driving at night and called on islanders to prepare for a new military assault from neighbouring Grande Comore. — Reuters.

Indian train plunge

Five train carriages plunged from a bridge into a river near Champa town in eastern Madhya Pradesh state, central India, yesterday killing at

least 36 people and injuring 200, police said. — Reuters.

Climbers die

An avalanche in the Barre des Ecrins mountain range in the French Alps killed two climbers and injured seven yesterday, police said. Eighteen other climbers were evacuated by helicopter. — AP.

Algeria killings

Six people had their throats slit in the north-western Algerian city of Tlemcen and another person was killed in a bomb attack in Blida, near Algiers, hospital workers said yesterday. The army fired rockets into a mosque in the capital at the weekend killing eight suspected Islamic militants. — AP.

Rebel accusations

Colombian rebels said at the weekend that the government had undermined its call for peace talks by launching a big army offensive in the south-east. — Reuters.

League's new seat

Italy's Northern League inaugurated a new seat of government yesterday for its self-proclaimed "Republic of Padania" in a building near Venice's Rialto bridge. — Reuters.

Winning streak

Katherine Shindle from Illinois, who was crowned the new Miss America at the weekend, was among contestants to take advantage of a rule-change allowing them to wear two-piece swimsuits for the first time in 50 years as the pageant tried to lure back television viewers. — AP.

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Aid, arms and the new mood

Transparency begins at home

THE CHANCELLOR'S new initiative to tackle the plight of the world's poorest countries chimes appropriately with the current talk of national compassion. Gordon Brown will be urging the Commonwealth Finance meeting tomorrow to lighten their burden of more than five and a half billion dollars of debt. He hopes to take his proposals on to Hong Kong for the IMF and the G7 to approve. An important feature of the scheme is to discriminate against countries which spend extravagantly upon prestige projects, are seriously corrupt, or make massive arms purchases. It is not exactly a new idea: the heads of the World Bank and IMF have dwelt on it too in recent speeches. But the critique has more special resonance after the collapse of Mobutuism in Zaire — a human rights and social disaster area for 30 years which Western donors had done nothing to impede.

This call for "transparency and openness" in the giving and receiving of aid has a downside for the developing countries if it becomes merely a one-way mechanism by which the developed countries can deliver harsh judgement. If it is to work, then it has to go both ways. Western governments must hand out aid, and deny export guarantees, to companies from their own countries which act irresponsibly, or encourage corrupt practices, in the developing world. And they must judge themselves far more critically when it comes to the arms trade, much of it dealing with ordnance and relatively small-scale weapons which can be every bit as lethal as armoured cars and supersonic fighters.

The women of Greenham Common could watch the fence yesterday come down knowing that although nuclear weapons have not been abolished, the acute threat posed in the 1980s by a frenetic arms race in which some of the most dangerous weapons such as Cruise were carelessly deployed has now disappeared. But the end of the cold war has also lifted restraints upon local wars fed by a thriving supermarket in conventional weapons. Landmines are a particularly beastly part of this process: public opprobrium is now attached to them for a very obvious reason. Yesterday the News of the World gave its first three pages to an expose of arms dealers allegedly still trafficking in anti-personnel devices — a decision whatever the context to be applauded. Will this popular mood now turn more critically against the arms trade at large?

Other famous figures have already taken up the broader theme of arms sales. In May eight Nobel Peace Prize winners including the Dalai Lama and Mikhail Gorbachev issued a draft international code of conduct for arms transfers which is much tighter than the present feeble arrangement for a voluntary register of conventional weapons exports. In New York, the UN panel of experts on small arms continues to struggle with the problem, proposing regional moratoriums, buyback programmes, and the destruction of surplus weapons. Yet the US, which ended its arms sales ban to Latin America earlier this year, remains top of the league, followed by Britain with Russia close behind.

In any given case, the excuse is always that the weapon transfer in question is needed to maintain the balance. "There is no arms race in South-east Asia," a senior US defence official said last month. "It's simply a matter of appropriate modernisation." If we are serious about new ideals for a new millennium, such nonsense should no longer be tolerated. The aim should be to maintain arms balances at minimum levels and to curb, not encourage, competitive modernisation — for all countries, not just the poorest who depend on foreign aid and can be ticked off for yielding to temptation. If it is wrong to buy, how can it be right to sell?

Land of the rising tax

Japan delivers an unwelcome surprise

WHEN THE G7 meets in Hong Kong one of the least expected topics to be discussed will be the renewed contraction of the Japanese economy. Hopes that last year's growth of 3.6 per cent had signalled the end of four years of stagnation — caused by the collapse of land and share prices — were shattered last week by the latest GDP figures which showed that the economy is contracting at the annualised rate of 1.1 per cent.

This was mainly the result of the Government's well intentioned, but badly mistimed, decision to raise consumption taxes from three to five per cent. This was designed both to raise money to finance the long-term problems of an ageing population, and to bring the budget deficit (currently over five per cent of GDP) down to nearer the modest level of three per cent laid down in the Maastricht criteria. Instead it has stopped the revival of consumption in its tracks thereby incurring the ire of the American government which desperately wants Japan to stimulate its domestic economy to reduce its ever growing trade surplus.

As if this were not enough, Prime Minister Ryutaro Hashimoto stoked up domestic criticism last week when he celebrated his (unopposed) re-election as leader of the Liberal Democratic Party by bringing back into his cabinet Koko Sato, a politician indicted for bribery during the Lockheed scandal in the 1970s. The appointment of Mr Sato was forced on the Prime Minister by the old guard of the party dominated by former Prime Minister, Yasuhiro Nakasone. The selection of such a controversial figure to implement the government's administrative reforms is bound to create doubts about its commitment to the so-called Big Bang reforms — not least because one of the most crucial reforms — the breaking up of the all-powerful Ministry of Finance — has already been abandoned.

Japan will be congratulated at the G7 meeting for the diplomatic way it acted as an umbrella for the IMF's recent package to prevent the economic crisis in Thailand from undermining other East Asian economies. But this will be overshadowed by Japan's own economic problems which won't be helped by the fall-out from slower growth in the Pacific Basin and increased pressure from the US to reduce its exports. No one should underestimate the underlying strength of Japan's manufacturing sector — but this doesn't alter the fact that raising domestic taxes could prove a costly error at this stage in the economic cycle. The US has already demonstrated that the most cost-effective way to reduce a budget deficit is to encourage non-inflationary growth. By raising taxes, prematurely, Japan is in danger of cutting off its own escape route.

Anatomy of New Britain...



Letters to the Editor

Mr Cole speaks for himself

CONTRARY to your report (The Cole truth, September 13) I have never owned a Rolls-Royce. I bought my Mercedes-Benz E200 two years ago to mark my third of a century of continuous work. My house in Suffolk was a ruined barn, which I bought and restored as a home while at the BBC.

I worked for the BBC for 20 years and the quote from me specifying 27 years is not authentic. I was a journalist for 27 years but worked for newspapers, UPI and ITV before joining the BBC in 1968.

My salary increased modestly when I left the BBC in October 1988 to become a director of Harrods, but I cannot think I am the only person to have increased their pay by leaving the corporation.

Nor did I bark at a group of old comrades at a commemorative service of the Somme. At La Boisselle on July 1, 1986 a pipe was about to play on the rim of the huge crater when a photographer jumped up beside him. I called for the photographer to move away.

Although wine was drunk, it was not a "boozey Christmas lunch" at which my confidential remarks about the Queen's 1987 Christmas broadcast were taken and used by Andrew Morton in the Daily Star, to my deep and continuing regret. Even before the story was printed, I offered my resignation as court correspondent, but the BBC preferred to wait three days and move me from the post.

All this, 10 years ago, is unimportant compared with the recent events I have done my best to present fairly and honestly. If your reporters had taken as much care to check the facts as I have, truth would have been better served.

Michael Cole,
Director of Public Affairs,
Harrods,
London SW1X 7XL

The word is out

IN applauding Angela Eagle's straightforward attitude over her sexual orientation, Melissa Benn (Labour's sexual revolution, September 12) points out the starkness of the word "lesbian." As one of the political "old brigade" (many of whom were feminists long before the word was fashionable), may I suggest that the Guardian set the style by using the happier word "sapphic" instead.

Tom Egan,
Jericho, Eglwysyrw,
Pembrokeshire SA41 3UP.

Endpiece

Roy Hattersley

LAST Tuesday, at Denis Healey's 80th birthday party, four peers, three ex-permanent secretaries and one retired professor offered me identical reassurance. We are, they said, "right behind you." Guardian readers to a man, they wanted me to know that they shared my regrets that Labour — once the party of the poor — had abandoned the politics of redistribution. I repeat my response to their enunciations not least to convince you that this anecdote is a complaint not self-congratulation. Perhaps good manners required a gracious "Thank you." But I responded with an inebriated inquiry. Why were they behind me, rather than by my side or even out in front?

I was expressing the bewilderment which I have felt all summer. How is it — let us consider by way of example — that the Labour government can abolish the lone parents' allowance without being engulfed in a tidal-wave of righteous indignation? Why are there no angry speeches from the off-the-record briefings by agencies of ministers, no new alliances of radically-inclined MPs, no constituency campaigns to carry angry resolutions, and no predictions that the Cabinet face a humiliating defeat at Brighton next month? I know from the number of letters which I have received that Labour's conscience is not dead but sleeping. How big a shock does the body is awakened?

None of these questions are asked in the hope that I can provoke — even less lead — a revolt. Revolts are the business of politicians and these days I am no more than an observer of the party battle. But, for some years, I was on the receiving end of dissident resolutions. My crime was holding the views which now put me

The work of the Church

IT is to be hoped that the churches will react coolly to Gordon Brown's call for them to back government employment policy (Brown asks churches to back jobs effort, September 12). Such unity of outlook between church and state is characteristic of a totalitarian society, in a mature democracy a healthy variety of views should flourish, and a failure to toe the government line not be dismissed as "fatalism and cynicism".

By refusing to consider deeper structural causes and attempting to limit debate to questions of training, Labour is effectively recasting unemployment as a form of individual delinquency. It is hard to see why this policy of coercing young people into poorly paid and prospectless jobs should be worthy of uncritical support from the churches, particularly, as Bishop Sheppard noted, when the Government appears to have given up any idea of redistributing wealth.

The advocacy of mentoring does not improve the picture either. By implying that contact with figures rather like them is the key to advancement

in life, Labour politicians at once make themselves look conceited and underestimate the resourcefulness of the people, given a better-run economy.

Mr Brown should remember that humility is a Christian virtue. Jonathan Calder,
26 Scotland Road,
Market Harborough,
Leicestershire LE16 8AX.

MADEIRAINE Bunting (Churches come in from the cold, September 12) celebrates Gordon Brown's recognition of the report by the Council of Churches for Britain and Ireland (CCBI) about unemployment and the future of work, endorsing his view of "fatalism" to the report as "fatalistic".

Such dissent is not fatalistic, it is realistic. In my experience, the only people who believe in full employment are those with jobs, like bishops and journalists. Listen to unemployed people and it is soon obvious that while they would like good, paid work, their experience is that there aren't any jobs.

The wishful thinking of the

CCBI report is not excused by its moral earnestness. To believe that there ought to be jobs does not mean there will be jobs. The authors do not say what sort of jobs there will be, what people will do, where jobs can be found, nor indeed, whether these jobs will provide a living wage. They hope that the service industries will be a source of paid employment, but the record of service industries is dismal in terms of pay and conditions.

The problem is, of course, money. The function of money as a means of exchange is being strangled by the money accumulation system of speculation. Strangulation leads to death, it is as simple as that.

There is no easy solution to this, but one step among others would be to create sufficient zero-interest credit to initiate public works. Then we are damaging our country, then we remain obliged to respond: to create a country that we continue to be proud of.

Substance and symbol go hand in hand.

Chris Hickley,
8 Beechcroft,
Berkhamsstead, Herts HP4 3BT.

Together, we can put the "Great" back into Britain

DECCA Aitkenhead's argument (What a daft idea to brand Britain, September 12) that there never was "a universal British character" — one with a stiff upper lip, and a love of fair play, stout pudding, cricket and the Queen — misses the point: which is that abroad it was perceived to be true.

The question now is how can we shake off these outdated stereotypes and project an image of our country as young and innovative and forward-looking. If this initiative goes by the name of "brand", so be it.

This is not to ignore the substance of what we are. If "every time staff are placed on flexi-contracts ... or a soulless housing estate is built, or an out-of-town mall kills off an old town centre" we are damaging our country, then we remain obliged to respond: to create a country that we continue to be proud of.

Substance and symbol go hand in hand.

Chris Hickley,
8 Beechcroft,
Berkhamsstead, Herts HP4 3BT.

DECCA Aitkenhead's claim that Demos called for a return of the stocks is mistaken. The single mention of

stocks in any Demos publication makes it clear that a return to the stocks "would generate huge resentment and possibly foster even more violence".

Mark Leonard,
Demos,
9 Bridewell Place,
London EC4V 6AP.

Write on

NOTICE in your coverage of this report on literacy from the Office for National Statistics (One in five adults on bottom rung of literacy, September 12) that the lowest figures of all were obtained from adults between the ages of 45 and 65. These people will have left school between 1946 and 1967. But these are the golden years of education so often and nostalgically evoked by educational reactionaries.

More than a touch of amnesia seems evident. Perhaps David Blunkett should be told of the steady increases in standards over the past three decades and advised that yet more slugging off of teachers must not be the best way to achieve their continuation.

Peter Griffiths,
22 Gracedale Road,
London SW16 6SW.

A Country Diary

THE LAKE DISTRICT: Bored with sitting beside a whirling fan behind drawn curtains during the recent hot and humid weather, I wondered where I might go for cool shelter and thought of Claife Heights. This thickly wooded upland high above Windermere was remembered as a place where one might well spend much of the day completely screened from the heat — and the rest of the time trying to find your way. In several visits over many years I had usually got myself lost, if only temporarily, on vague tracks winding, apparently in circles, over knotted tree roots, through dark tunnels in the forest. Below the dark canopy of head there was never anything to be seen, except the odd snake.

In the past, I had usually scrambled straight up from the ferry, past the 18th century village of Ambleside, the first tourists, but this, I thought, would be far too tiring on such a sticky day so, this time, I went up from Far

Sawrey. There was a couple of miles of walking in the hot sun before the shelter of the forest but this is a most delightful bridleway, past Moss Eccles and Wise Ben tams, and with a view from a glorious backdrop of the high fells. These lovely tams where Beatrix Potter loved to wander, must be among the least obtrusive reservoirs in the country. Once in the forest, and swung round from north to south, there was now on a public footpath and what a change since my last visit! Paths have been widened by cutting down the trees and scrub, and it's impossible to get lost since there are posts, with white-painted tops, just where the paths need. You can now even see the scenery now and again — the long length of Windermere or Langdale Pikes, for example — and, on our way below Pate crag, a red deer hind crossed the path and disappeared into the forest. There was a snake, too, but it didn't look dangerous.

A HARRY GRIFFIN



Candlelight

ALONG with the millions who heard Edith John's performance of Candle in The Wind at Princess Diana's funeral, I was moved by the sentiment and the gesture. Still, Bernie Taupin might have used a rhyming dictionary, or, as Lorenz Hart, Oscar Hammerstein, and John Mercer, W S Gilbert, Noel Coward, the Beatles, or Elvis. Their songs are distinguished from the pop hit of the decade, if not the century, in that they rhyme.

Musical rhyme, reason and rhythm. Most composers adhere to age-old, sensible rules of composing. One wouldn't dream of writing a 7-bar phrase after an 8-bar

phrase, or switch from 4/4 to 3/4 time. It's like building stairs of different heights. One causes you to trip physically, the other mentally. So it is with lyrics. Musical phrases repeat and ask to be rhymed. "Hearts" and "apart" do not rhyme. "Pain" and "name" do not rhyme. Nor do "smile" and "child". Nor, especially, do "soul" and "know".

I won't deal with the clichés, the maudlin phrases, the confused and borrowed thoughts expressed in the song. But why on earth did you choose to nestle its words amongst some of the most lyrical (and rhymed) hymns and prayers ever written? Lawrence Holford,
Salem Cottage,
Woolvorton Road,
St Lawrence,
Isle of Wight PO39 1XN.

I draw strength from the party of old

Endpiece

Roy Hattersley

LAST Tuesday, at Denis Healey's 80th birthday party, four peers, three ex-permanent secretaries and one retired professor offered me identical reassurance. We are, they said, "right behind you." Guardian readers to a man, they wanted me to know that they shared my regrets that Labour — once the party of the poor — had abandoned the politics of redistribution. I repeat my response to their enunciations not least to convince you that this anecdote is a complaint not self-congratulation. Perhaps good manners required a gracious "Thank you." But I responded with an inebriated inquiry. Why were they behind me, rather than by my side or even out in front?

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None of these questions are asked in the hope that I can provoke — even less lead — a revolt. Revolts are the business of politicians and these days I am no more than an observer of the party battle. But, for some years, I was on the receiving end of dissident resolutions. My crime was holding the views which now put me

outside New Labour's pale. I make no complaint, but simply wonder what has happened to the old rebels. One possibility — liberal lawyers please note, it is offered in jest — is that they have all received frontal lobotomy as part of a wholly successful campaign to change their character. Examples abound of the policy switches which provoke that bad taste joke.

I actually support the proposals to change the character of the Labour Party conference. For too long, the annual week by the sea was a public relations gift handed to Labour's enemies by unwitting exhibitionists. Conference had virtually nothing to do with genuine democracy. I held those views back in the '90s when quite the opposite position was fashionable.

Seventeen years ago, "reformers" wanted the Cabinet to take instructions from the conference. That demand was most passionately expressed in a speech which began "What we need and what we have a right to expect, is the guarantee that the next

Labour government will implement the policies that the party has decided. Not the policies of a handful of ministers and civil servants." I doubt if the delegate who called for conference control holds a shadow of that view today. She recently appeared with me on a television programme, billed as a Blairite. And she certainly lived up to the description.

One night, I shall put myself to sleep by counting how many enthusiasts for Labour's 1990s madness have become disciples of the 1990s super-sanity. We are governed by the ideologically incoherent.

The Prime Minister would attribute the party's change of heart to "growing up" or "accepting reality". The assault on the psychology of critics is one of his most effective techniques for avoiding the defence of policies on their merits. But he can also claim credit for one of the more worthy causes of Labour's superficial unanimity. The party is grateful for the victory to which he made so large a contribution. And he now leads with a panache which makes

criticism seem carping. To him, politics is a continuous cavalry charge — whether it is against the old enemy or potential rebels within his own ranks.

In Kinnock's day, reformers believed that "The party can only stand so much." Paradoxically, Tony Blair presides over continuous revolution. No sooner is one sacred cow slaughtered than another is led to the slaughter. The party is overwhelmed by change. I feel nothing but admiration for the man. I wish it were devoted to the promotion of better policies.

There is, I fear, a more shady side to the admirable habit of advancing on several, simultaneous fronts. I do not know if the Welsh MPs who conscientiously oppose devolution are in real danger of losing the right to fight the next election. But some of them certainly believe that will happen. The idea of "discipline" is put about with the conscious intention of intimidating potential troublemakers. At least in the crazy '90s, we were allowed to disagree. Some of us fought

the 1988 election on manifestos which explicitly disowned official policy on Europe and nuclear defence. If we had been expelled, David Owen, not Tony Blair, would now be Prime Minister.

Later this week, I shall certainly receive letters which ask "Would it matter?" At Denis Healey's birthday party I learned that David Owen finds immense amusement in the way that politics has turned more than full circle — with the Labour Party arriving at a position further to the right than he proposed. But the survival of Labour was important because the potential to recreate the party of equality still exists.

The activists, in the constitution, are much what they always were — not, as the leadership imagines, a new breed of apolitical professionals. The volcano only occasionally rumbles, but it yet may erupt. Last week, amongst the Class of '79, I was glad that we had kept the party in more or less one piece in anticipation of its destiny being rediscovered.

Harare Diary

Andrew Meldrum

In southern Africa, winter is ending and temperatures are climbing at this time of year. It is very hot as 14 of us squashed into the mini-van taxi. The baby strapped to her mother's back keeps grabbing my ear, to the amusement of all. As we pay our fares, somebody complains about skyrocketing prices. We all groan and agree.

At Harare's city centre, we climb out and set off on our separate ways. It's a typical journey on one of Harare's taxis. I was the only white person on board. The easy relations between black and white is a big reason why Harare is one of Africa's most pleasant cities.

The Harare Agricultural Show held every September marks the beginning of the summer, often called the jacaranda season for the masses of blue-purple blossoms on the trees lining the city's streets. The fair attracts a mix of young African students, white farmers and their families, black and white office workers, politicians and business people.

It's one of the few annual events to bring all Harare's racial and social groups together. For although relations are generally easy-going, the different groups lead largely separate lives. Government schools are virtually all black, with a few outstanding exceptions, while the private schools have mixed enrolments and the boarding schools of black students at elite schools is steadily rising. In sport, blacks avidly play and follow football, while the whites are keen on cricket, rugby and golf.

New diplomats to Harare frequently complain that black acquaintances often accept dinner invitations but then do not show up. Blacks clearly harbour a deep reserve.

With about 100,000 whites in a population of more than 10 million, Zimbabwe has Africa's largest white community after South Africa. Even during the 1970s, in the middle of the bitter war against Rhodesian minority rule, day-to-day relations between the races were remarkably pleasant.

Robert Mugabe's landmark reconciliation speech gave notice that racial relations would remain civil. At first some belligerent whites scorned the outstretched hand of tolerance by continuing to make offensive remarks and by picking arguments. Over the past 17 years, this antagonistic public behaviour has gradually receded.

Last week a queue of white people stretched outside a Harare book shop. Inside Ian Smith was signing copies of his autobiography. Some said they were only buying out of historical interest, but most of the scores of whites still keenly admired the crafty politician who led them in the battle against majority rule.

Unfortunately in the years after majority rule, neither the government nor the private sector attempted to improve racial relations. Initiatives could have been built on the general goodwill to strengthen relations in schools, in sport, in business and in churches. Without such efforts, blacks and whites have remained generally apart. Only now are some innovative programmes emerging, such as a school holiday sports clinic which throws all groups together and gives incentives for friendships across barriers.

Here's not looking at you, Harrison Ford

Commentary

Peter Preston

So this, you say, is it? This is the "top movie star of all-time" (as various voted by relevant bodies)? You're sitting in the stalls for the opening weekend of *Air Force One*, and Harrison Ford is doing his stuff, hanging to an open cargo hatch 35,000 feet up by his fingertips. So this is it? The top?

I read the new *Sperber* and *Lax* biography of Humphrey Bogart last week. Bogart barely makes it into the top 10 of anything these days. Yet 50 years back he was up there, the guaranteed name over the titles and archetypal American hero. His big film in 1947 was *Dark Passage*, which spawned the *Fugitive* TV series, which spawned the recent *Ford* version. He went on to play *Linus Larrabee* in *Sabrina*. Ford did exactly the same a couple of years ago.

The comparisons aren't contrived. They make themselves. And along the way they help define the film industry that was and the industry it's become: which is another way of defining ourselves.

Look at Ford up there on the screen. Is this acting? No, he only has two expressions. One where his piercing eyes project intelligence. His jaw juts a bit and he holds himself straight. That's his *Determined Look*. A second where the eyes sink and dart, the face folds in on itself and the shoulders droop. That's his *Beleaguered Look*. You get one, then the other. That's all there is.

It is not even star stuff by the alternative canon of the person who dominates all. Not Clint, not Wayne, not Arnold Schwarzenegger, for Heaven's sake. Ford has become a self-effacing nullity. He's the blank heart and blank gaze around which events — and computer effects — revolve. He is the ultimate non-star of a star. And he is always the same: what you see once is what you get forever. Everyman in a jam.

Bogart (only two years older than Ford is now when he died) was different. He was, like Pacino or De Niro, a consummate versatile actor. He did stage and years in

the Hollywood B-picture salutes, playing mobsters and killers — before those roles became a *Brit* preserve. He could be pure menace (in *The Petrified Forest*; seedy disintegration in *The Treasure of the Sierra Madre*). He could do the conventional comedy of *Sabrina* or the wider shores of *Beat The Devil*. He was the cockney Charlie in *The African Queen* and the crumbling Queeg of *The Caine Mutiny*.

He had, in sum, real range. But — unlike Pacino or De Niro — he was also somehow always himself. The characterisation didn't subsume personality: it lit or shaded new aspects of it.

And the thing here is that we're mostly talking the old days of the studio system, with actors signed as repertory serfs, doing what the big boys in the front office ordained. Not much of your picking and choosing and super-confident salaries.

Yet that churning system still provided infinite variety: it had the spark of imagination in there somewhere: it shot the first *Fugitive* through his own eyes, so that you never saw the darkness of the passage.

Is Harrison Ford an actor by these lights? He may be. He was once terminally beleaguered in *The Mosquito*

Coast, to some effect. He occasionally, tentatively, tries comedy: with patchy results. But (as he told this paper last week) he's come to understand "his cultural utility". "I play leading man roles". Try something else and people would say "He's acting. It would be much more difficult for them to accept me in the film."

There's the nearest contrast Ford can choose. He has the luxury of the market place which Bogart fought all his life to secure. But he chooses to be always the same. And what does that "character" tell us? It is anodyne, conservative, decent, brave, utterly serious. In no sense controversial.

Bogart was a child of the 1930s when, 50 years ago, he played Sam Spade or Philip Marlowe. As Alistair Cooke once wrote: "He is unshockable and offhand, and, one

finches and were gnawed by regret. Above everything, they did what they had to do because they were men, in the head and the heart, and not exclusively in the groin."

Air Force One goes at a tremendous lick. "President" Ford (without chewing gum) saves the world. It is one of the box-office successes of the year; and entirely understandably. Another supreme confection from the master confectioners.

But the archetypal hero of half a century ago didn't merely mouth the platitudes of idealism: he seemed to live and embody them. He didn't pretend the world was a simple place: he seemed to reflect its complexity. When he was shot, he bled. When he grew tired, he came up with something fresh.

If there's a lingering Bogart image, it is one of good deeds in a bad, confused world; of battered humanity coming to terms with inhumanity; of the ability to deliver a line and a grin in adversity.

And the most stellar of stars, the monarch of cash mountains, what of him? The Harrison Ford image — because of the intelligence in his eyes — says that he must have ways to let the stunt men mill around them, let the special effects roll, let the fake blood flow, and try to make us believe it could just be true.

Is that debased? Mostly, I think, in its boring, relentlessly technical repetition. The hero as a void where thought ought to be. That bit of Hollywood — which means, of popular culture — is beginning to run on empty.

gathers, a very devil with woman, who is saved from absurdity by never having to prove it."

There are a clutch of adjectives that fit. Romantic, cynical, honorable: always, as his new biographers say, "with the ability to suggest something going on beneath the surface". And they quote the critic Judith Crist: "When Spade or Marlowe got hurt, they needed time to recover; when they killed, they

You got it, but do you have to flaunt it?

Ros Coward

SALES of "lads" mags like *Loaded* are soaring, and now advertisers are concerned about their soft-porn content. Their images of women in sexually provocative positions have put the question of whether these magazines are offensive to women.

You might think the answer is obvious. Any magazine which refers to women as "babes" and "totty" has to be the expression of adolescent fantasies of controlling and using women, of women as frighteningly unknown creatures. When the adverts draw links between products and girls — "If you don't love them after three weeks, dump them" — this immaturity shades into something rather more unpleasant.

But these days women queue up to celebrate it. In the *Daily Mirror* recently, minor celebrities asserted that it was all harmless fun. Emma Wright, hostess of TV's *The Price Is Right*, can think of nothing that has given her "more of an ego-boost" than featuring on the pages of *Loaded*. She claims such photos show "women celebrating their sexuality. They are proud, confident and in charge." Joanna Guest, a topless model, adds: "Men may drool over pictures of me naked. But I know what I am doing and the effect I can have. And that's very empowering."

These are the familiar 1990s showbiz clichés; it is claimed women are now in control of their sexuality; they dress (or undress) for themselves, not men. When they flaunt their sexuality, they flaunt a power previously denied to women. Madonna made such views fashionable and the Spice Girls have made them ordinary.

It's not surprising that minor celebrities grab these lines. They move in a world where flaunting it is *de rigueur* so long as the price is right. In the past, women sold images of their bodies for money in the seedy world of prostitution and pornography. Now they bolster themselves with fragments of feminist discourse. If men are assumed to be sexual oppressors, then it's cool to demonstrate an available sexuality which is powerful and normative.

Ordinary women, however, move in a world where it is not so easy to draw a line between provoking men to drool and getting something more unwelcome.

The problem could be in future that Government presentation would become a substitute for policy

and ministers to disclose even embarrassing information — and not simply carefully-wrapped packages. Arguments about the value of debate, and are valuable to MPs, who are as much a victim of official secrecy as the media.

The problem could be that presentation would become a substitute for policy. Sure, the Government is bringing in outsiders to discuss proposed policy initiatives, but too often this reflects the Government's indecisiveness rather than a genuine desire for inclusive and mould-breaking consultation.

It is worrying that white papers, including the one on a freedom of information act, are postponed while time-buying task forces are set up. Malcolm Bruce, the Liberal Democrat Treasury spokesman, last month counted more than 60 reviews which the Government had initiated. "After all," he pointed out, "Labour did have 18 years out of office to get their policies right." He called for fewer reviews and more action. Blair seemed to agree, ordering that any new reviews would have to be approved by No 10.

Whitehall's new media unit could serve a useful purpose, acting professionally to benefit the media — and the public. It could also be used merely to cultivate the appearance of action and cohesion, and — perish the thought, of course — to stifle debate.

Richard Norton-Taylor is the Guardian's security correspondent, Ian Black the paper's diplomatic editor

The ministry of spin

There's a cultural revolution under way in the Government Information Service. Richard Norton-Taylor and Ian Black investigate the changes in Whitehall

IT MIGHT be overstating the case to talk about the creation of a Ministry of Truth, but people could be forgiven if they detected a distinct Orwellian 1984ish tone to plans to shake up Whitehall's information machine by introducing those New Labour techniques of spin and rebuttal which proved so successful in helping the party secure its general election victory.

Tony Blair's loyal lieutenants — press secretary Alastair Campbell and Peter Mandelson, minister without portfolio — have made it clear that the traditional network of Whitehall spokesmen is not skilled enough at these black arts. This message has been sounding down the corridors of power ever since Blair entered 10 Downing Street.

Four departmental press chiefs have left in as many months, and it seems that Labour at Millbank has beaten the mandarins. Andy Wood, long-serving head of information at the Northern

Ireland Office, Gill Samuel, press chief at the Ministry of Defence, Jill Rutter at the Treasury, and Liz Drummond at the Scottish Office, have all gone. And more will go.

They are victims of a cultural revolution being planned in the Government Information Service by Mike Gramatt, head of the GDS and director of communication at the Home Office, under the eyes of Campbell and Mandelson. A central media monitoring unit is being set up as a pilot project in the Central Office of Information — Orwell's Winston Smith would have got the idea. It will then move to a permanent home in the Cabinet Office, at the heart of government.

There will be no room there for those who are used to being reactive rather than pro-active, for whom mobile phones and beepers are annoying interrupters rather than vital tools of the trade. Central control is the name of the new game.



press secretary, was to her. The entire collapsed under John Major, partly as a result of a conscious policy to delegate and give individual Whitehall departments more independence. Smart Whitehall insiders recognise the time has come for a change which they cannot, in any case resist. "This is a case of an irresistible force meeting a very movable object," says one. "People were looking forward to a new regime and new policies... but obviously the old habits have taken time to get rid of. Now there is going to be constant pressure from the centre."

Modernisers insist it is all about professionalism rather than creeping politicisation. They say that Mandelson wants the Whitehall machine to do the work, not political advisers. It was Richard

Mottram, permanent secretary at the Ministry of Defence, who chose Samuel's successor — Oona Muirhead, a Civil Service high-flyer who was previously command secretary at the Permanent Joint Forces HQ. Bernard Gray, formerly defence correspondent for the Financial Times and now political adviser to George Robertson, the defence secretary, will try to raise his boss's profile, and at the Treasury, Gordon Brown's aide and spin doctor, Charlie Whelan, will continue to be involved heavily in PR. But these, for now at any rate, are the exceptions.

Civil servants who are experts in their fields will in future be asked to come up promptly with answers to unwelcome questions raised by ministers and the media. Gone, we are promised, are

the days when civil servants could shrug off such questions as inconvenient irritants which interfered with their careful plans — or indeed with their lunch-breaks.

All of this, of course, primarily for the benefit of the Government. New guidance to Whitehall includes the instruction "say something" — though it also advises "always have another story ready" when bad news cannot be suppressed.

New Labour has rightly taken flak for its obsession with being "on-message". Yet explaining yourself well is not a crime. Robin Cook at the Foreign Office, where they are reeling in reaction to his mission statements, "people's diplomacy" and policy initiatives, has shown how well an open approach towards the media can work.

There will be no room now for the information civil servants who are used to being reactive rather than pro-active

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Elsa de' Giorgi

Legend of a Roman dolce vita

ELSA de' Giorgi, who has died aged 81, was a radiant, ingenuously beautiful woman who married a Florentine count and after the end of the second world war became friend, patroness and sometimes lover to many of Italy's literary figures. She was a legendary figure of a Roman *dolce vita* in which the characters were real flesh and blood rather than the shadowy caricatures that Fellini made of them.

Elsa's film career began in 1933 when, at 18, she was picked by Mario Camerini, father of the *telefoni bianchi* (white telephones), escapists who dropped on Pasolini and Moravia arguing heatedly for the last time over a topic of the day. I looked around and realised that real "literati" don't exist anymore. A salon such as Elsa's was an anachronism.

As the Contessa Contini Bonacossi her salon was frequented by Italy's leading intellectuals. Italian cinema of Fascist times, to play one of those pathetic orphans who have been seduced and abandoned by an upper class scoundrel.

The film, *Il tempo sempre* (The Always Love You) was later re-made by the same director for Elsa's successor as the ingenue of the moment, Alida Valli. Though Elsa made

many films in the 1930s, she tired of ingenuously roles and preferred flamboyant costume dramas. Stories of her life as a young film star in Fascist Italy were later retold amusingly by Elsa in what is her best book, *I Costanti* (Those Of My Age, 1955) which won her the Viareggio literary award.

Among the characters in her book is a "blond boy", known as the Scarlet Pimpernel because of his work for the Resistance. In real life he was Sandrino, the Florentine nobleman Elsa married in 1948.

As the Contessa Contini Bonacossi her salon in Rome was frequented by Italy's leading intellectuals, Carlo Levi, Renato Guttuso, Alberto Moravia among them. She continued to act, appearing as Helen of Troy in *Troilus* and *Cressida* in Florence in 1949, with almost every important name of post-war Italian theatre in the cast and also appeared under Strehler's direction in Milan.

Her marriage ended dramatically. Her husband fled to America and committed suicide because of a scandal involving the disappearance of part of the family art collection his grandmother had bequeathed to the state.

Elsa meanwhile had written an account of the war years and submitted it to a publishing house who gave the manuscript to Italo Calvino, for editing. Calvino fell madly in love with Elsa: their affair lasted four years. Some of their correspondence, revealing Calvino's anguished relationship with the Italian Communist Party after the Soviet invasion of Hungary, has been published.

The affair inspired Elsa to write a novel, *Ho visto partire il tuo treno* (I Watched Your Train Leave), based on her relationship with Calvino. Her last screen role was as one of the female narrators in *Sala, the 120 Days of Sodom* (1975). Pier Paolo Pasolini's disturbing transposition of the Marquis de Sade to the times of the fascist puppet republic. Despite the unpleasantness of the role Elsa, who was devoted to Pasolini, accepted the part. The director, of respect to her, found a stand-in for the close-up shots of the narrator lifting her



Elsa de' Giorgi... lover to the literati

al account of an older woman's affair with a young actor.

Elsa de' Giorgi belonged to another age, but she was liked and respected by people of all ages for her integrity and taste.

John Francis Lane

Elsa de' Giorgi, actress and writer, born December 28, 1915; died September 12, 1997

James Dunnachie

The power in Glasgow

JAMES Dunnachie, former Labour MP for Glasgow-Pollok 1987-97 who has died aged 66, played an unexpected role in helping Mohammed Sarwar, the MP accused of electoral



Dunnachie... proletarian

impropriety, become the Labour member for Govan. When Glasgow's Parliamentary seats were redrawn before the last election, reducing them from eight to seven, it was assumed that Dunnachie would retire when his changed seat went to Ian Davidson, formerly Govan's MP. But then Dunnachie threw his hat into the ring for altered Govan, which threw that contest open and eventually led to Sarwar's victory.

Jimmy Dunnachie was a warm-hearted man, the sort of left-wing proletarian MP, trade unionist who has virtually disappeared from the Commons. He was very much a Glasgow proletarian, born in the city and educated at St Margaret's, Kinning Park. The son of a ship's riggers, he was apprenticed to Fairfield shipyard on the Clyde before becoming a fitter at Rolls-Royce's Hillingdon plant at 22. He had his Amalgamated Engineering Union card at 18, and was a shop steward at 24, long before he had his Labour Party card at 26.

This was the sign the union wanted him to climb the political ladder. He was elected for Pollokshaws to the Glasgow Corporation in 1972, to Glasgow District Council in 1974 and to Strathclyde Regional Council in 1978. His only surprise advance came in 1985 when he was chosen by 50 votes to 41 to succeed James White for the super-safe seat of Pollok, against the Militant-backed frost-runner David Churchill, a victory sometimes ascribed to an error in tactical voting by Militant-briefed delegates.

As an MP he cared deeply about unemployment, housing repair and general despair in inner-city Glasgow. He also

cared about children obsessed with gaming machines — which he tried repeatedly to ban — Scotland's mentally handicapped, and child labour home and abroad. He also disliked the fluoridation of water, testing cosmetics on animals, late abortions, if any, and reducing the age of consent. His 34 years as a Rolls-Royce engineer, 32 as an AEU shop steward, made him very much a man of the trade union left. He opposed developing Immingham port because he feared it would be used to import coal, undermining the National Union of Mineworkers. He was one of the 150 Labour MPs who opposed Neil Kinnock's 1989 move to nuclear multi-lateralism and initially insisted he would not pay his poll tax.

This made all the more strange Scottish Militant's decision to target his seat as the one to be taken over by their folk hero, Tommy Sheridan, whose more dramatic protests against the poll tax landed him in prison. In the 1992 general election, Sheridan ran second to Dunnachie, taking 18 per cent of the vote and cutting Jimmy's majority by 9,000.

He leaves his wife, Isobel.

Andrew Faith

James Francis Dunnachie, politician, born November 17, 1930; died September 7, 1997

Dr Dewi Eirug Davies

DEWI Eirug Davies, who has died aged 76, embodied the radical, nationalist anti-war strand within the Free Churches in Wales.

The eldest son of a Telfy Valley preacher-poet, he was ordained in 1950 after the University College of Wales, Aberystwyth, Carmarthen Presbyterian College, and London University.

For years he edited the weekly newspaper, *Y Tyst*, and the University of Wales theological journal, *Diwydieth*. An American sabbatical resulted in his first, and delightful book, *Elas Virginia* (1964). He also edited *Ffoline Pregehu* (The Foolishness of Preaching, a volume of young ministers' sermons, 1967, and in 1972 his *Gwngan a Roddwyd* (A Vineyard Given) explored language, culture and religion. *Hoff Ddyddig Nyth* (1978) was a

history of his old Carmarthen college and in 1984 he published his acclaimed, massive study of Welsh theology, *Diwydieth Ydychydig Y Brawd* (The Army of the King) and in 1993 *Protestant Witness* (Protestant and Witness) on Welsh pacifism in the first and second world wars. He himself was a wartime conscientious objector, serving as a farm labourer.

In 1970 he became principal of Memorial College, Swansea. A much sought after preacher and lecturer, and an effective broadcaster, he was given the highest honour of his denomination as President of the Union of Welsh Independent Churches.

D Ben Rees

Rev Dr Dewi Eirug Davies, theologian, born February 6, 1922; died August 8, 1997

Birthdays

Prince Harry, 18; Gen Eva Burrows, former international leader, Salvation Army, 85; Jackie Cooper, actor, 75; Phyllis Coppingham, chief executive, Royal Marsden Hospital, 60; Prof Brian Fender, chief executive, Higher Education Funding Council, 63; Rafael Frutkin, 64; Richard Gordon, novelist, 76; David Lepper, Labour MP, 52; Jesse Norman, soprano, 52; Lady (Mary) Soames, writer, 80; Graham Taylor, football manager, 53; Alan Whitehead, Labour MP, 47.

Death Notices

DESMOND, Prof. Desmond Chas. Baines, husband of Mrs. Doreen, died at home on 11 September at 84, after a long illness. Burial at 11.30 on 17 September at 2.15pm. Donations to Marie Curie Hospice, Swansea. Family, Aberystwyth, Carmarthen, Monmouthshire, NP7 7HT.

Birthdays

MEHALL, Sheila, 18 today. Congratulations. Love Mrs. Doreen, P. & S.

Engagements

HART-POWELL, Harry B. Hart, eldest son of the Rev. Dr. Hart, died at home on 11 September at 84, after a long illness. Burial at 11.30 on 17 September at 2.15pm. Donations to Marie Curie Hospice, Swansea. Family, Aberystwyth, Carmarthen, Monmouthshire, NP7 7HT.

Cécile Dolmetsch

True sound of the past

CÉCILE Dolmetsch, who died aged 93 less than a month after her brother, Carl, the distinguished recorder player, was the oldest and last surviving of the four children of Arnold Dolmetsch and his third wife, Mabel. She will be chiefly remembered for her propagation of the rare pardessus de viole, an instrument which has now been widely taken up in the world of early music.

She was born in Dorking, Surrey, just before the family moved to America for seven years, followed by a three-year sojourn in France where Arnold, already famous for his work in the revival of early music on authentic instruments, had obtained a post at the Gaveau factory in Paris, making fine harpsichords.

Cécile's experience of growing up in France before the family finally settled in England in 1914 gave her an enduring feel for French culture and music.

All four children inherited rare musical gifts but Cécile's aspirations were at first modest. She participated in her father's concerts at the Haslemere Festival — which he founded in 1925 — and elsewhere but then made a speciality of the pardessus de viole, or descant viol. For many years she was its only professional practitioner.

Solo music for the pardessus is sparse but Cécile uncovered works by composers such as Thomas Marc and Jean Barrière, which had lain undisturbed in French libraries for two centuries. Gradually she built up a repertoire and, helped by other artists, gave annual London concerts featuring the instrument, first at the Chennil Galleries and then, from 1954, at the Great Drawing Room of the Arts Council in St James's Square, a venue which had perfect acoustics for concerts of this kind.

In 1925, Cécile married

Leslie C Ward, a craftsman in her father's workshops who was also a fine musician — he played violone at the early Haslemere Festivals — and a skilful recording engineer. With the coming of long-playing records and magnetic tape he initiated a series of limited edition LPs featuring the repertoire performed by his wife and others.

Their happy marriage only ended with Leslie's death in 1960. They had two sons, and two adopted daughters.

Cécile last played in public on her beautiful Guersan instrument, dating from 1761, at the 66th Haslemere Festival in 1990. She continued to lead a very

For her repertoire, she uncovered works which had lain undisturbed in French libraries for two centuries

active life with a steady flow of pupils and in 1989 after the death of her sister, Nathalie, succeeded her as president of the Viola da Gamba Society which they had both helped found in 1948.

She had an absorbing interest in breeding rare singing birds, and latterly, exotic cats. She also loved travelling, and at the age of 82, set out alone on a package tour to visit the Italian lakes, returning home much refreshed. At the time of her death she was preparing an autobiography, a record of her family.

She is survived by one son and two daughters, six grandchildren and five great grandchildren.

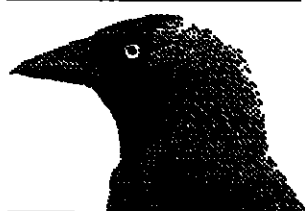
Richard D C Noble

Cécile Dolmetsch, musician, born March 22, 1904; died August 9, 1997



Cécile Dolmetsch... for many years the only professional practitioner of the pardessus de viole

Jackdaw



Stands to reason

HUMAN beings are endowed with the capacity to form beliefs and to make decisions, and we sometimes achieve these feats by a process known as reasoning.

In the quest for justified judgment, we consider the reasons that warrant a certain conclusion. The name of this faculty, appropriately enough, is "reason" and it divides into the theoretical (belief formation) and the practical (decision-making). Reason is what enables us to weigh reasons in the course of reasoning. But what kinds of things are reasons? What is the nature of human reason?

The traditional concept of reason, aptly called rationalist, holds that reason is mental capacity that is responsive to an independent realm of timeless, objective truths and principles of argument. These are both deductive and inductive.

By the use of reason, we acknowledge these truths and conform our thinking about them to the rules of valid argument. When reason is operating optimally, it tracks the layout of this independent realm of fact and logical consequence, and its products are to be evaluated according to the objective standards that it purports to mirror.

Thus, to take an ancient example, suppose I form the belief that Socrates is a man and all men are mortal: I will have reasoned to a true conclusion based on two true premises and a valid logical principle, namely, that if everything of a certain kind has a property then any particular thing of that kind must have the property. Since the premises are true and the logical principle valid, my

reason has led me to form a true and justified belief. Are these reasons to be cheerful? New Republic.

Face facts

HOW do we look? In our culture the implications of this question are intimately connected to our own sense of self-worth.

Fashion dictates that it is desirable to be slim, the alternative idea is that of the pneumatic page 3 lion. These bodies are designed to be looked at rather than lived in; built for (and sometimes by) speed rather than comfort. What is conspicuous about these figures is their appeal to perfection — ideally the skin should be flawless, untouched by age, no trace of food or fluid should ever pass those pristine lips, no ingesting, no hint of sickness or corruption should mar the form.

Of course no one, not even the most famous super-model is quite that perfect. Naomi is under the impres-

sion that her feet are too big. Claudia feels that the two cussy-teensy scars on her knee detract from her otherwise flawless ivory skin. But for most of us, men and women alike, the standards we imagine as norms for our bodies are in outrageous contrast to the reality that confronts us.

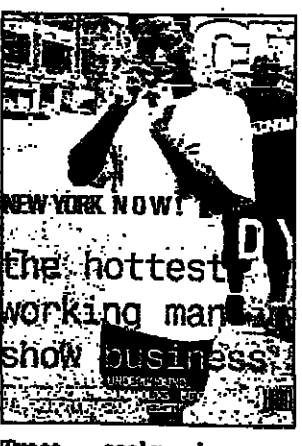
When we are old, when we are sick, when we are fat. How do we look then? And when we see a body that has succumbed to the inevitable conditions of mortality, where do we look? Most often, we look away. And if, fascinated by the fate of that other body, we look again, perhaps satisfied by our relative perfection, we look on in pity, or worse yet, to ridicule.

We have become accustomed to a peculiar invisibility. Beyond a certain age and, in certain states, the body goes unseen, unrepresented. Its nakedness, its debilitation, becomes a private matter, and if, on rare occasions, it is publicly unveiled, this body inspires feelings of shame. Photographer Melanie Manchot talks body talk in scene.

Name games

EVERY black music has had to fight the naming battle. Charles Mingus would never use the word Jazz, feeling that it demeaned his art. Jazz also went through periods where it was called "jungle" music — the idea being that it was an exotic, tribal sound.

Ironically, Jungle seems to have been self-named, although no one can agree how.



Trace... cool music

However, an aspect of the drum 'n' bass/breakbeat scene has been the constant quest by the artists to name the music on the "artist's" terms.

In another example, the hip hop scene has always had an ambivalent relationship with the term "rap music."

The danger here is not so much of a "sell out" but of ridicule and demise. Look at "trip-hop" — another manufactured term. The output of this "genre" grew as quickly as public interest evaporated. Look at the failed attempt to launch "Brit Pop" and then the repackaging of Brit Pop as "Big Beat". All of it smacks of a lack of authenticity, but this is the very least of the problems. More importantly, these manufactured terms sound horribly uncool. And what ain't cool, the kids don't buy.

Trace asks, What's in a name?

Eat up

HEMINGWAY wrote that Paris was a movable feast, and the British contemporary art world had become

much the same. A whole pack of hungry young artists has brewed up a storm in a teapot, and their offerings are being lauded from coast to coast among the art-loving nations of the world. The connection with food is strong: whether it's a shark on dry ice, or a newly-made kebab with fried eggs, it's still art. (For Sarah Lucas's work, a handy kebab shop on Finsbury will supply new ingredients every other day, and RA conservator will do the honours of replacing them.)

Food art has even moved into the restaurants: Damien Hirst, the Lord Byron of the YBAs, (Young British Artists) has not only redecorated the Soho eatery Quo Vadis, but is currently poised to turn his design skills in the direction of the defunct restaurant Centro 50 in Notting Hill. Hirst is set to rival Terence Conran as a legend at his own lunch table.

What is this new art that surrounds us? To many, contemporary art is not only a bad joke, but an example of supremely bad taste. That,

perhaps, is to view it through the reactionary eyes of tradition; and that, no doubt, is to do it a monumental disservice.

The principal point about the art made today on what's called the "cutting edge" is that it defies everything. It defies its elders, not just in the art world but in society.

To some extent, this is what every generation does: react against its predecessor. Think of Pop art reacting against the dreary kitchen sink realism of the 1930s. Nowadays Pop is trad, taken in comparison to the YBAs, though in some respects, (the use of popular culture and espousal of the media) Pop is the godfather of the whole YBA movement.

The godfathers of art, in RA magazine.

Jackdaw wants jewels. E-mail Jackdaw@guardian.co.uk. Fax 0171-733 4366; write Jackdaw, The Guardian, 119 Farringdon Road, London EC1R 3ER.

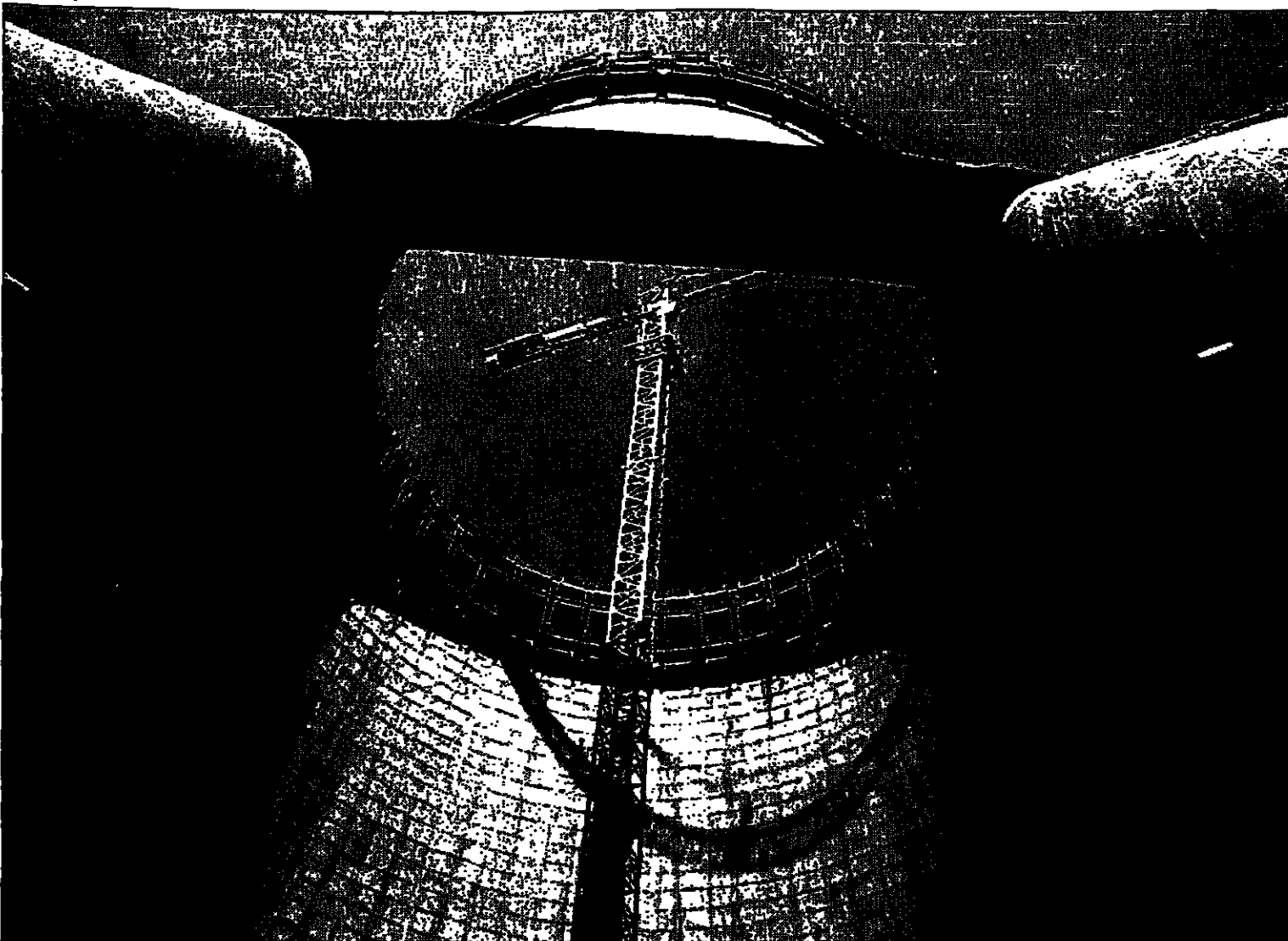
Hannah Pool

Tomorrow: An MP's affinity with small business

Financial Editor: Alex Brummer
Telephone: 0171-239-9610
Fax: 0171-833-4456

FinanceGuardian

Power overload



A 655 MW gas-fired plant in Gujarat, a new project operated by PowerGen. India is likely to be one of the biggest energy users by 2020. PHOTOGRAPH: POWERGEN

WORLD energy demand will double and electricity consumption triple by the year 2020, according to a report published today by PowerGen, Britain's second largest generator, writes Nicholas Bannister.

The bulk of the increase will come from Asia-Pacific countries, as an increasing proportion of fast-growing populations move from rural areas into the towns and cities.

But demand will also grow in the established industrial nations of Europe and North America as a result of changing lifestyles — including more but smaller households occupied by singles, separated or elderly people.

The report forecasts that governments will accelerate privatisation of energy businesses to cope with the £1.87 trillion investment needed to expand production to meet demand.

The PowerGen report is timed to coincide with the sixth annual world energy development congress, being held in Hong Kong. It says the United States will still be the largest energy user by 2020, but it will be followed by China, South Korea, Japan and India. The next countries would be Thailand, Indonesia, France, Canada and Russia. Britain, which now ranks as number eight, will not make the top 10.

PowerGen predicts two types of power companies will emerge — large groups diversified across a range of countries and business activities, and smaller technically flexible companies in niche markets.

Economics Notebook

By George: Best tax we never had



Victor Keegan

Labour, having ruled out any increases in income tax, finds itself in a fiscal fuddle, it could do a lot worse than turn to George, Not Eddie George, the Governor of the Bank of England, but Henry George.

Henry who? Henry George wrote the world's first best-selling book about economics, *Progress and Poverty* (1879), in which he advocated the best tax never to have been tried in Britain: a tax on land values. El G Wells and George Bernard Shaw both cited George as the main reason for their conversion to socialism, as did countless others. The book hugely outlasted Das Kapital, which may help explain why Karl Marx dismissed it as "the capitalists' last ditch", presumably because George wanted land to remain in private hands and recommended merely transferring the "rent" to the community.

Although the Liberals espoused it with enthusiasm in the early part of this century, and Philip Snowden included it in his 1931 budget, only to see it thrown out by the Conservatives in 1934, a land tax has always remained on the top shelf in Britain as the best idea never given an outing.

There are reasons for suggesting that the time may now be ripe for its rehabilitation. First, we are running out of alternatives. Labour is faced with demands for big increases in spending on education and health — while being unable to find ways to finance them. Income tax has been ruled out by a foolish pre-election promise which Labour will be forced to renew before the next general election: companies are becoming more adept at minimising their tax bills and it is deemed too politically explosive to extend VAT to food.

Second, the combined effects of globalisation and the growth of the Internet could turn large areas of commerce into tax-avoidance zones. In these circumstances, governments wanting to maintain welfare states have either got to tax the products of the information revolution — like the proposed "bit-tax" on digital data, which needs global agreement to be effective — or to find a domestic tax that is easy to raise and cannot be easily avoided.

ENTER the land tax. It is the most intellectually justified of all taxes. As Tom Paine said, "it is the value of the improvement only, and not the earth itself, that is the individual's property". The tax would be levied on the value of the unimproved land, not on any property. Advocates claim that such a tax would penalise those who leave land idle, and so could lead to greater wealth creation and more employment.

There will never be a popular tax, but by George, that does not mean that there cannot be a least unpopular one.

It would be up to the Government to decide whether the proceeds would be used to lower other taxes in a fiscally neutral way — in which case the main but not inconsiderable effect of the tax would be the release of the value hoarded — or whether most of it should be allocated to the financing of education and health.

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Call to justify gas price cuts

Celia Weston
Industrial Correspondent

ENERGY minister John Birt will today put the gas industry and its regulator, Clare Spottiswoode, under pressure to guarantee that the poorest consumers gain from the introduction of competition.

Mr Birt is understood to be calling in senior executives from BG, the former British Gas, to justify why the price cuts for domestic gas

users announced last week exclude millions of low-income consumers.

The minister last week said he was "deeply concerned" about the higher prices charged to those on lower incomes. "Today he will also want to know why, as the industry watchdog, Ms Spottiswoode has allowed the price cuts to go ahead on this basis."

The gas regulator, Ofgas, has yet to publish the findings of several inquiries about the impact of similar, earlier, price cuts on low-income customers and on suppliers competing for a share

of the 19 million-strong market.

Meanwhile, rival suppliers and the Gas Consumers Council have warned of the threat to successful competition from bringing forward the starting date. Ms Spottiswoode has insisted on November 1 as the day when households in Scotland and North-east England get the chance to switch gas supplier.

Sue Slippman, director of the GCC, said: "At the current rate of progress we have worries that neither the systems nor the policy solutions will be in place in time to allow

low-income consumers — including 1 million prepayment meter customers — to switch supplier. This means that, once again, it will be the poorest and those who have been in debt who will have no choice."

The GCC has also asked the regulator to investigate the price cuts decision because it believed that British Gas Trading, the supplier to domestic users, was abusing its monopoly position.

The planned price cuts, due to take effect from mid-January, would reduce an average £340 annual bill by £28.

But leading suppliers have already demanded that the regulator prevent BGT introducing the cuts so close to the date of competition being extended to new areas.

Scottish Power, Amerasia and Calorx have told Ms Spottiswoode that they have severe reservations about the systems which are being put in place to allow customers to switch supplier.

Neil Lambert, senior executive at Calorx, said: "The regulator seems determined to push through the earlier competition start date against the advice of some leading

players. We've told her that there is some risk we might have systems failures."

Mr Lambert warned, too, about the effects of the regulation allowing BGT to introduce the new price cuts.

He warned there was already evidence that some suppliers were dropping out because BGT had been allowed to retaliate on price while retaining an average 77 per cent share of the market.

"The regulator is being handcuffed by the regulator and not allowed to bring in unilateral price cuts," Mr Lambert said.

Oil company staff bonus ups ante on boards' pay

Lisa Buckingham
City Editor

ENTERPRISE OIL, the exploration and production group, looks set to re-ignite the controversy over executive pay by expanding its boardroom bonus scheme to all of its employees.

The move reflects the inclusive approach of its new chief executive, Pierre Jungels, and is a reaction to the increasingly frantic scramble to recruit and keep top people in the global oil industry.

Dr Jungels told the Guardian: "It is not right to confine these payments to executive directors. Everyone in the company has contributed to that performance, and they should all benefit."

But his stance is at odds with most companies, which have resisted calls to link boardroom pay-rises to those of ordinary employees. The Greenbury Committee on top pay appealed for such linkage, and corporate gover-

nance campaigners have argued that the benefits confined to directors should be spread among the workforce to act as an incentive beyond the boardroom.

Exceptions to the norm include NatWest Markets, which is on the point of introducing a wider scheme in an attempt to stop defections to rivals, while Asda, the supermarket group, has a share-option programme extending to all employees.

Enterprise Oil, the largest independent oil gas producer in Britain, is expected to introduce its new bonus plan next spring, after it has been considered by the board's remuneration committee. An internal memo has, however, already been issued by the chief executive's office, notifying employees of the proposals.

According to the company's last annual report, the directors' bonus scheme offers a potential 50 per cent of annual salary if the individual and company's performance hits

certain targets. In the last financial year, executive directors of Enterprise — which was one of the best performing shares in the FTSE 100 — were awarded annual bonuses worth 32.5 per cent of their basic salaries.

In the case of the chairman, Graham Hearne, that was worth an extra £112,125. If a similar award is made this year, Dr Jungels could expect a bonus of £113,750 on his £350,000 salary.

Enterprise Oil employs only about 635 people, whose salaries set the company back only £27.5 million last year. If they had all been given the bonus currently confined to executive directors it would have added just under 20 million or 1.4 per cent to total costs of £560 million.

But even a labour-intensive business such as Marks & Spencer would face an increase of only 2 per cent in its £6.8 billion costs if the 20 per cent bonus paid to executives last year were spread among the company's 88,000 staff.

Charity challenges IMF growth fallacy

Roger Cowe

POVERTY in developing countries can be reduced by better health and education and labour-intensive employment, according to a report published today by Oxfam.

It comes as economic leaders gather in Hong Kong for this week's meetings of the International Monetary Fund and World Bank, where the Chancellor, Gordon Brown, will make the relief of world poverty a priority issue.

The aid charity's conclusions are based on the experience of East Asia, where poverty has declined rapidly in recent years. The charity says 200 million people worked their way out of poverty since 1970.

Veena Siddharth, Oxfam's International Advocacy Officer, said: "East Asia is testament to the fact that rapid poverty reduction is possible."

It also exposes the fallacy, central to much of the thinking in the IMF and World Bank, that there is a trade-off between policies for rapid growth and policies for poverty reduction.

The report contrasts successes in East Asia with experience in South Asia, Latin America and sub-Saharan Africa. It identifies asset distribution and the nature of social spending as key tools in reducing poverty.

Latin American growth during this decade did not prevent the numbers in poverty expanding from 197 million to 203 million. The experience of Vietnam and China, on the other hand, suggests growth must also be combined with social, rural and industrial policies.

But Oxfam warns that the region's recent currency problems could halve poverty reduction.

Mutuals 'best for pensions'

Sarah Ryle

THE explosion in demand for personal pensions — a result of Labour's review of pensions provision — will benefit mutual insurance firms more than rivals who have sold out to shareholders, according to an industry expert in a report published today.

Public distrust of personal pensions means that Labour will demand much simpler, more flexible and cheaper products — already offered by firms like Equitable Life and Standard Life, said industry analyst James Pearce of the stockbroker Fox-Pitt, Kelton.

He said: "The mutuals offer advantages that the proprietary insurers do not. They offer low charges and high early surrender values, and they are just as cost-efficient."

"The Labour Party has a gut instinct that mutuals are better than proprietary firms. There is a feeling that shareholders are out to rape policy

holders financially — which has in the past been true."

"There will be a big fight between the companies. There will be a few winners left standing."

The most likely outcome of the Government's review — due to be completed next year — is a system involving pension plans of which the Government approves. That would reduce the need for independent financial advisers — particularly for the low-earners who will make up the majority of the new business created by pensions reform.

Mr Pearce's findings, based on analysis of companies who accounted for 55 per cent of new life and pensions business last year, is a blow for firms like Norwich Union, which has converted to public company status, and Prudential, Britain's biggest insurer.

Mutuals already have a high profile in the pension market, with 42 per cent of last year's new business written by firms owned by their customers.

News in brief

Discount for property buyers

Regallan, the property group, has issued a gold card to customers who have bought from it during the last two years.

The card will entitle holders to discounts of up to £15,000 on property purchases.

Music to their ears

An independent survey of entertainment agents by Credit Suisse, the investment

bank, shows 84 per cent expecting pop stars to double earnings over the next five years, with most of the growth being driven by strong overseas record sales.

Banking speeds up

The banking sector grew more than 50 per cent faster than the rest of the UK economy during the past decade, says British Invisibles, the group which promotes the City's contribution to invisible earnings.

TOURIST RATES — BANK BELLS			
Australia 2.15	France 9.29	Italy 2.726	Singapore 2.88
Austria 19.48	Germany 2.768	Malta 0.811	South Africa 7.28
Belgium 57.17	Greece 438.00	Netherlands 3.10	Spain 222.00
Canada 2.108	Hong Kong 12.02	New Zealand 2.447	Sweden 12.12
Cyprus 0.927	India 51.02	Norway 11.40	Switzerland 1.29
Denmark 10.61	Ireland 1.03	Portugal 261.80	Turkey 280.170
Finland 8.387	Israel 5.56	Saudi Arabia 5.86	USA 1.5825

Supplied by NatWest Bank (excluding Indian rupee and Israeli shekel).

Market crashes, just for fun

IAN KING looks at the results of brokers playing new system

LONDON'S stock market crashed by 150 points at the weekend — but it was all part of a rehearsal for the stock exchange's new trading system. Sets, which starts operating next month.

More than 3,500 City workers from 89 companies — mainly dealers and technicians — were at their desks on Saturday morning for the trial run.

The new system, using "order-driven" trading, is the biggest shake-up the City has seen since 1986, when dealers desert the stock exchange floor for electronic dealing rooms.

Due to start on October 20 — for some, uncomfortably close to the 10th anniversary of Black Monday, when stock markets plummeted — the new system will initially apply only to the top 100 stocks.

It is intended to replace the present system, where market-makers quote prices at which they will trade, and buying and selling of shares is conducted mainly by telephone. In future, investors will

be able to buy or sell shares instantly, with the trades being executed electronically.

Saturday's rehearsal follows a run last weekend in which the systems involved were tested by technicians.

It is the first of three full rehearsals, in which all Stock Exchange member firms must take part, with dummy trading sessions running from 10am to 3pm.

The market's turnover of shares during Saturday's mock session — which saw the market race 150 points higher at one stage, only to fall by a similar amount later — was far higher than was during real trading last week.

هكذا من الاجل

PARTING SHOT

Big noise ... at Santa Pod Raceway, Northamptonshire, as fans protest their case for the Top Fuel Dragsters event Sweden's Kent Persson, left, is still competing at 51 after returning to the sport and yesterday faced Andy Carter, who went into the race saying 'we are set up to run hard'



Photograph by Frank Baron

Camel story can give you the hump

SCREEN BREAK

Martin Kelner

IT HAS been a week in which the nation learnt to laugh again, to raise itself from the slough of despond and enjoy the lighter side of life.

So Geoff Hurst's anecdote about the man who sexually molested a camel was probably perfectly in order. It left me a little open-mouthed, though, and I dare say caused a ripple of surprise among the producers of *Eat My Sports*, Sky's allegedly humorous Friday night sports show.

After all you don't invite an England legend on to your show, not a fine upstanding Roy of the Rovers figure like Hurst, and expect him to kick off with a little zinger about deviant sexual practices.

Still, they only have themselves to blame. Hurst, it ap-

pears, spent some time coaching in Kuwait, a fact the programme, in that irritating footy-lad way, seemed to find hilarious. For reasons unfathomable to anyone who has never attended a TV production meeting, their way of indicating just how side-splittingly funny they felt Hurst in Kuwait was to show a photograph of presenter Angus Lothian with a camel.

"Funny thing about camels," said Geoff, "when I first arrived in Kuwait there was a picture of a camel on the front of the newspaper, and it turned out some bloke was accused of ... well ... you know ... sort of interfering with it. And there it was all over the front page. You know, this bloke ... with a camel ..."

Disappointingly, the story sort of you know ended there, but it was still by some distance the funniest thing on *Eat My Sports* since the series started, and I write as someone who has watched three of the programmes, purely out of a sense of duty, and with a growing feeling that whatever I am paid for this column is somehow not enough.

The current wisdom in television seems to be that the

public appetite for jokes about footballers' bad haircuts and film of batsmen catching a cricket ball in the testicles is pretty well insatiable. Call me a party pooper but I had had about as much as I wanted of that stuff mid-way through the second series of *Fantasy Football League*, and well before the first series of *Eamon Holmes's sporting blunders*.

If you are going to go over this tired old ground again, it might help if an original idea were floating around in there somewhere. *Eat My Sports* is

a photocopy of a photocopy of everything we have seen and switched off before.

Now, with his co-presenter Tom Watt — who must be thinking he was a little precipitate in abandoning the role of *Lofty* in *EastEnders* to concentrate on sports journalism and presenting — Angus is part of the only comedy double act comprising two straight men (apart, of course, from Little and Large).

The other new sports programme running on Sky One, *Reds in Europe*, is much better. It consists of archive footage and reminiscences of Manchester United and Liverpool's triumphs and tragedies in Europe. Tales of travelling to away matches in Europe in the Fifties and Sixties successfully conjured up the sense of adventure, but no testimony summed up a bygone era as well as Tommy Smith's.

When Smith arrived at Anfield, said Smith, "the place was really buzzing. There was steam coming from the Kop". To supporters familiar with those terraces in the Sixties, and with the shortcomings of the toilet arrangements at Anfield, Smith's unconscious choice of metaphor will have brought it all back.

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TV SPORT HIGHLIGHTS

Today

Live Rugby League Wigan v Leeds, Premiership quarter-final. Sky Sports 1, 7pm
Live Cycling Tour of Spain. Eurosport, 2pm
American Football The Big Match. C4, 11.30pm

Tuesday 16

Live Football Celtic v Liverpool, UEFA Cup first round first leg. BBC1, 8pm; UEFA Cup highlights Eurosport, 10.30pm
Live Cycling Tour of Spain. Eurosport, 2pm
Live Football PAOK Salonika v Arsenal, UEFA Cup first round first leg. C5, 6.30pm
Live Football Southampton v Everton, Coca-Cola Cup second round first leg. Sky Sports 2, 7.30pm; Coca-Cola Cup highlights ITV, 11.30pm
Live Football Atletico Madrid v Leicester, UEFA Cup first round first leg. Eurosport, 8.30pm
Live Rugby Bordeaux v Aston Villa, UEFA Cup first round first leg. C5, 9.20pm

Wednesday 17

Live Football Newcastle v Barcelona, Champions League. ITV, 7.30pm; Champions League highlights ITV, 11.40pm

Thursday 18

Live Football Chelsea v Slovan Bratislava, Cup Winners' Cup first round first leg. C5, 7.30pm
Live Golf British Masters, day one. Sky Sports 1, 10am-1.30pm and 3-6pm
Live Cycling Tour of Spain. Eurosport, 2pm

Friday 19

Live Rugby League The first Premiership semi-final. Sky Sports 1, 7pm
Live Golf British Masters. Sky Sports 1, 10.30am-1.30pm, and 3-6pm
Live Cycling Tour of Spain. Eurosport, 2pm
Racing From Newbury. BBC2, 2.20pm
Live Tennis US v Australia, Davis Cup semi-final. Sky Sports 3, 4pm
Live Football Brentford v Wycombe. Sky Sports 2, 7pm

Saturday 20

Live Rugby Union Bath v Brive, European Cup. Sky Sports 2, 2pm

Live Formula One Austrian Grand Prix, qualifying. ITV, 11.45am

Live Formula One Austrian Grand Prix, qualifying. ITV, 11.45am

Sunday 21

Live Football Chelsea v Arsenal. Sky Sports 1, 3pm
Live Football Charlton v Bradford. Sky Sports 2, 12 noon
Sunday highlights including racing, yachting and gymnastics. BBC2, 12.25pm
Live Formula One Austrian Grand Prix. ITV, 12.30pm; highlights 11.10pm
Live Golf British Masters. Sky Sports 3, 1pm
Live Tennis US v Australia. Sky Sports 2, 3pm
Live Cycling Tour of Spain. Eurosport, 3.15pm
Live Rugby League The second Premiership semi-final. Sky Sports 1, 6.30pm
Live American Football Buffalo v Indianapolis. Sky Sports 1, 9pm

Weekend results

RUGBY UNION

WELSH NATIONAL LEAGUE

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Racing

Celebre Arc trial fiasco ends in row

Chris Hawkins

OLIVIER PESLIER was guilty of desperate pilot error at Longchamp yesterday when he launched into an astonishing attack on fellow jockey Cash Asmussen after setting the French Derby winner Peintre Celebre to the front in the important Arc trial, the Prix de l'Arc de Triomphe.

Peintre Celebre, starting at 1-10 on the Pari-Mutuel for a race he should surely have won, finished last to take second behind Rajpout after a race which was a fiasco for the French Derby winner.

Although Andre Fabre, trainer of Peintre Celebre, was philosophical about the defeat Peslier was upset by Asmussen's tactics on the race, accusing the rider of "unprofessional riding".

Peslier had previously voiced public criticism of the ride Asmussen had given Peintre Celebre's Arc de Triomphe rival, Heliosio, in the King George VI & Queen Elizabeth Diamond Stakes at Ascot in July, and it was announced last week that the Texan would be replaced by Dominique Beaufort in the Arc.

Yesterday Peslier said: "He didn't want me to win the race. Just before the turn I pulled a little bit back to go on the outside and he pulled with me. All the time he stayed with me and never took the chance. It was like a chess game."

"I think he is very angry because he doesn't ride Heliosio but it is not professional. If I had no chance I open up a little bit and say 'You go, because I will finish last'. But I think he is happy. I don't understand."

However, there is no reason why Asmussen should look

after anybody else in a race, provided he stays within the rules, and most would say his riding here was absolutely professional. Peslier got himself in a jam and it was up to him to get out of it.

In defeat we saw just what a sensational galloper Peintre Celebre is as he produced an awesome burst of acceleration to get within a neck of the winner after being all of 66-1 with 200 yards to run.

Settled fourth of the five runners as the field turned into the home straight, Peintre Celebre, clearly travelling well within himself, was hemmed in by Asmussen on the inside. Eventually allowed a gap 100 metres out, Peintre Celebre, owned by Daniel Wildenstein, accelerated but still found himself a neck down on Rajpout at the line, with Asmussen and Rajpout bringing up the rear of the quintet.

Provided Peintre Celebre is none the worse for the experience he looks gilt-edged for the Arc at a best-priced 9-2 with the Tote, who also offer the same price about Saturday's Irish Champion Stakes winner, Pleasantly, last year's winner Heliosio is now available at 4-1 with Ladbrokes while King George winner Swain is 7-1 with Hill's and the Tote.

Back in the afternoon Peslier had won the Prix Vermeille on Queen Mand from Asmussen's mount Gazelle Royale. The Luca Cumanini-trained Kalliana finished fifth.

There was an eye-catching winner of the Prix de la Forêt de St. Germain, a two-year-old over a mile in Second Empire, trained by Aidan O'Brien.

Second Empire beat John Gosden's Mubarrath and is likely to go back to Longchamp for the Grand Critereum. Ladbrokes makes the colt 10-1 for the 2,000 Guineas and 12-1 for the Derby.



Victory salute... Pat Eddery punches the air in triumph on St Leger winner Silver Patriarch

PHOTOGRAPH: JOHN GILES

Eddery's gold strike on Silver Patriarch puts Piggott in his sights

AFTER riding his 4,000th winner on Silver Patriarch in Saturday's Perpetua St Leger, Pat Eddery set his sights on Lester Piggott's career total of 4,493 winners, writes Chris Hawkins.

"I'd love to beat Lester, and I've got a few good years left in me yet," said 45-year-old Eddery. "Riding has been my way of life for so long that I don't want it to end although I'm 47. There is no doubt Eddery, who has missed out on a century of winners only once in the last 24 years, can overhaul Piggott, and

even Gordon Richards's record total of 4,870 winners could be within his reach. For many, Piggott is the greatest, an impression fired by the mystique of the man — his artistry in the saddle, and his tactful nature out of it.

Yet from early on in Eddery's career, despite a first season when he didn't ride, a single winner from more than 60 rides as an apprentice with Frenchie Nicholson, it was clear that given good fortune he was bound for stardom, and a career score to rival Piggott's.

Time tends to enhance reputations, but Piggott, dubbed the "boy-wonder" in the 1950s, was not quite the sensation one might imagine. He rode only 272 winners in his first seven seasons compared to Eddery's 651.

Eddery was champion jockey within six years of gaining a foothold, whereas it took Piggott 11 years to achieve his first title.

While Piggott liked to stay as still as he could, poised over his mount's withers for as long as possible, Eddery's style is less pleasing to the eye.

He tends to nudge with his hands, comes away from home and to bump down in the saddle when the time comes to galvanise. Often

his mounts are going better than they appear, and swinging into the Doncaster straight on Saturday Silver Patriarch could not have been named the winner.

Inevitably there was talk afterwards of the possibility of an Arc challenge, but the winner does not look the type. An impression confirmed by John Doolan, his trainer, who said yesterday: "I have discussed it very briefly with the owner and I think that that is probably the end of the season for him. Next year, I think he will definitely start off over a mile and a half."

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Athletics

Britain faces grand prix axe in shake-up

Stephen Downes in Falkenstein

BITAIN'S premier track-and-field event is under threat after a meeting here yesterday that discussed cutting the annual number of grand prix events from 17 to 10. The British Grand Prix, staged in June this year at Sheffield, would be one of those facing the axe.

The proposal — discussed by the International Amateur Athletic Federation's grand prix commission — to launch a Grand Prix Super League in 1999 will be voted on next month. The plans would shake up a tired formula.

There is a need to redesign the competition, says Bruegger, the influential promoter of the \$4 million-budget Zurich meeting, the richest on the circuit, said yesterday.

Television is at the centre of the proposed format. Bruegger's vision, which is

shared by his colleagues on the grand prix commission, is of sharper-defined, two-hour track spectacles — with the money available now shared among fewer meetings — which would command live television coverage.

Sheffield was placed only 16th on the IAAF's meeting evaluation table this year. Also to Britain's disadvantage is the lack of representation on the grand prix commission — the only British voice is Andy Norman, who was sacked as promotions officer by the IAAF three years ago.

Although some promoters talked at the weekend of getting their athletes to "get behind" Britain next year, it may not be enough. The grand prix series finished its second sponsorship season on Saturday, and Primo Nebiolo, the IAAF president, is known to favour radical change. "We want to revolutionise the grand prix," he has said.

Ice Hockey

Devils slip through after Bees are caught in the net

Vic Batchelder

BRACKNELL BEES saw their hopes of victory over Cardiff Devils fall through when a goal by Joe Ferracchia was disallowed in the final minute of the second period of Saturday's home Benson & Hedges Cup qualifying-round game.

The match video showed the puck enter the goal and go through the net without the referee or his assistants spotting the score. Devils, who were leading 3-1 after two goals from Ivan Matulík and

one by Ian McIntyre, held on to win 3-2 after Shayne McCosh added Bracknell's second in the third period.

"It was pretty crucial," said the Devils' coach Paul Heavey yesterday, "but in this league and these competitions you'll take any win."

Elsewhere eight players got on the scoresheet as Ayr Scottish Eagles drew 4-4 with the visiting Newcastle Cobras; and a Paul Adey hat-trick led Nottingham Panthers to a 5-2 home win over Basingstoke Bison. Sheffield Steelers' Tim Cranston also netted three in the 12-1 home win over Paisley Pirates.

Fontwell (N.H.) card

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Cricket: Sunday League joy at Edgbaston

Warwickshire take title as Kent bow to Lehmann

David Hopps and John Beaumont on last-day triumphs for overseas entertainers

KENT'S experience of Headingly's undulating wastes has been distressing. Displaced as County Championship leaders by Glamorgan on Saturday, they yesterday conceded the Sunday League to Warwickshire as Darren Lehmann provided a thumping send-off to his season.

Lehmann's debut season as Yorkshire's overseas professional has been hugely productive — more than 1,500 Championship runs and yesterday a seven-wicket victory with more than 10 overs to spare. Kent were bowled out for 171 runs, duly raised the replica trophy at Edgbaston.

Warwickshire, too, owed

much to their overseas player. Allan Donald, the South Africa fast bowler, is due to fly home today to prepare for his country's tour of Pakistan. Yesterday he led out Warwickshire to a stunning ovation and later took four for 24 as Gloucestershire were dismissed for 150.

Before that, as spectators were kept informed of events at Headingly, Warwickshire's 221 for six had contained a stylish 102 from Nick Knight. He had something to prove as two of Warwickshire's four defeats came under his captaincy in June, the second of them against Kent at Tunbridge Wells.

Yesterday he hit seven fours and a huge pulled six before he was run out by a direct hit from Tim Hancock. Knight shared an opening

stand of 89 with Neil Smith (39), who captained the county to victory in 10 of the 11 games in which he was in charge.

Gladstone Small stifled Gloucestershire by conceding only 26 runs and Ashley Giles ran through the middle order with a season's-best four for 25 before Donald was brought back to polish off the tail and be chaired from the field.

Joy, then, for Warwickshire and despair for Kent. After their defeat against Surrey in the Benson & Hedges Cup final the captain Steve Marsh is bracing himself for the condemnation that will follow.

"They say we freeze on the big occasions, and quite rightly so," he said. "It was a poor performance all round. It might just work in our favour that we go into the last round of the championship matches a point behind Glamorgan. At least we can claim to be underdogs."

Lehmann had the opportunity to outstrip his fellow Australian Hampshire's opener Matthew Hayden, in the chase for the league's highest run aggregate. But Bradley Parker, as if caught up in the excitement of it all, slammed an unbeaten 39 from 27 balls and left him 12 runs short.

"You don't worry about those things when the cricket game is on," Lehmann laughed. "You just get a win under your belt."

An eighth-wicket stand of 61 between Marsh and Paul Strang endeavoured to plot Kent an escape route. Strang, who struck 36 from 46 balls before being dismissed off the last ball, returns to Zimbabwe tomorrow.

Lehmann was irrepressible. Michael Bevan might feel betrayed because Yorkshire have runaged a second-wicket stand to respond to him next season, but Lehmann has matched him on the field and has been more relaxed and popular off it.



Knight's day ... the Warwickshire opener shows his style on his way to a century yesterday

PHOTOGRAPH: PAUL WEAVER

Sun sets prettily on Championship

Paul Weaver remarks on the irony of a thrilling climax to the weary old competition

THERE is no small irony in the fact that as the tortuous debate on the future of the game in this country reaches a climax at Lord's today the dear old dinosaur appears to be in rude health.

Provided the weather does not give us a damp anti-climax, the County Championship should come to a thrilling conclusion at Taunton and Canterbury this week when, respectively, the leaders Glamorgan and second-placed Kent, one point behind, go into the final matches.

"Jolly good stuff, why change a thing?" you can hear the diehards cry. But change there will be even if counties panic about the idea of two divisions, which is

surely the way ahead, and opt instead for the latest botched scheme of a Super Cup.

Lord MacLaurin, chairman of the England and Wales Cricket Board, is not quite the chump he presents himself as. Better men than he have failed to find consensus in English cricket. He does, however, have a few cartons of free range on his face.

"He knows as much about cricket as he knows about politics," said one Test player at Sophia Gardens in Cardiff last week as Glamorgan beat Essex by seven wickets. MacLaurin had said he would vote Conservative in the General Election, presumably forgetting that lords, in common with lunatics and prisoners, are not allowed to vote.

Having come up with the

potty and unworkable conference scheme, MacLaurin has more recently made phone calls from Spain, evoking memories of the last days of Raymond Illingworth in his Mediterranean bunker, saying he wanted two divisions all along. Now this alternative may be defeated too, which would leave the chairman with no honourable exit.

The counties must choose from four options tomorrow. But whoever wins the championship at the weekend, Glamorgan or Kent — dismissing the far-fetched chances of Warwickshire, Yorkshire and Middlesex — they will do so with a little extra pride because this will surely be the last of its kind.

It is a fitting climax. Most people would agree that Glamorgan and Kent are the best two sides, probably in that order. Glamorgan, whose nerve failed them in their previous game against Surrey,

nearly blew it again at Cardiff on Saturday when, chasing 149 for victory, they slipped to 26 for three before Matthew Maynard's captain's innings.

Somerset, talented and unpredictable, represent an uneasy final hurdle for Glamorgan, who need maximum points to be sure of the championship for the third time. And if the weather does intervene it is more likely to be at Taunton than Canterbury.

Surrey, it might be argued, are even more talented and even less predictable than Somerset. But they have much to prove after their awful defeat by Lancashire by an innings and 56 runs.

Surrey, like the rest of the Test-hosting counties, are thought to favour two divisions next season. If they are as shocky against Kent as they were against Lancashire they could be in the bottom half. And in the second division.

County Championship

	P	W	L	D	Bt	Bwl	Pts	Toss	Form
Glamorgan	16	7	2	7	46	53	232	8	6/24/8/11/24
Kent	16	7	4	5	43	56	231	7	24/16/10/23/11
Warwickshire	16	7	2	6	30	49	212	11	4/7/21/23/24
Yorkshire	16	6	2	8	39	53	212	8	11/22/10/22/10
Middlesex	16	7	4	5	30	52	209	5	4/9/20/8/23
Worcestershire	16	5	3	8	45	50	204	11	24/10/6/5/24
Gloucestershire	16	6	6	4	33	56	197	6	9/23/6/6/4
Surrey	16	5	4	7	39	48	188	9	24/24/24/8/3
Essex	16	5	6	5	37	51	183	9	2/8/4/20/4
Lancashire	16	5	6	5	33	50	178	9	24/4/9/4/24
Somerset	16	3	2	11	36	60	177	9	10/11/9/8/21
Leicestershire	16	3	1	11	36	50	170	7	7/12/20/7/11
Notts	16	4	3	9	22	53	166	7	11/9/22/7/73
Hampshire	16	3	4	8	39	41	155	5	5/8/9/9/21
Northants	16	3	5	8	30	45	147	12	6/5/6/23/9
Durham	16	2	7	6	22	52	127	8	4/10/11/3/5
Derbyshire	16	1	9	6	28	55	117	3	24/8/8/4/2
Sussex	16	1	10	5	21	55	107	8	19/7/4/3/4

Key: Toss = tosses won; Form = points gained in most recent matches

Saturday scoreboard

BRITANNIC ASSURANCE CHAMPIONSHIP

GLAMORGAN 24
ESSEX 46

Cardiff Glamorgan won by seven wickets.
Glamorgan First Innings 281 (H Morris 82, M P Maynard 71, Law 4-49).
Essex First Innings 188 (S Law 53).
Second Innings (overnight: 320-8).
P P Maynard not out 80.
P P Maynard c Shaw b Wootton 13.
P P Maynard c Shaw b Wootton 13.
Extras (10, 10, 10, 10) 40.
Total (104.4 overs) 340.
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-45, 3-113, 4-145, 5-181, 6-214, 7-245, 8-276, 9-307, 10-338, 11-369, 12-400.

GLAMORGAN
Second Innings (overnight: 320-8).
P P Maynard not out 80.
P P Maynard c Shaw b Wootton 13.
P P Maynard c Shaw b Wootton 13.
Extras (10, 10, 10, 10) 40.
Total (104.4 overs) 340.
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-45, 3-113, 4-145, 5-181, 6-214, 7-245, 8-276, 9-307, 10-338, 11-369, 12-400.

YORKSHIRE 10
KENT 11

Headingley Match drawn.
Kent First Innings 374 (B A Marsh 84, T W Ward 58, P Fleming 58; Silverwood 2-55).
Yorkshire First Innings 374 (B A Marsh 84, T W Ward 58, P Fleming 58; Silverwood 2-55).
Second Innings (overnight: 320-8).
C E W Silverwood not out 80.
C E W Silverwood c Shaw b Wootton 13.
Extras (10, 10, 10, 10) 40.
Total (78.4 overs) 301.
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-45, 3-113, 4-145, 5-181, 6-214, 7-245, 8-276, 9-307, 10-338, 11-369, 12-400.

KENT
Second Innings (overnight: 320-8).
C E W Silverwood not out 80.
C E W Silverwood c Shaw b Wootton 13.
Extras (10, 10, 10, 10) 40.
Total (78.4 overs) 301.
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-45, 3-113, 4-145, 5-181, 6-214, 7-245, 8-276, 9-307, 10-338, 11-369, 12-400.

WARWICKSHIRE 24
DERBYSHIRE 2

Worcestershire Derbyshire won by ten wickets.
Warwickshire First Innings 228 (M E Cresswell 103, D L Latham 53).
Derbyshire First Innings 228 (M E Cresswell 103, D L Latham 53).
Second Innings (overnight: 320-8).
D L Latham not out 80.
D L Latham c Shaw b Wootton 13.
Extras (10, 10, 10, 10) 40.
Total (110 overs) 402.
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-45, 3-113, 4-145, 5-181, 6-214, 7-245, 8-276, 9-307, 10-338, 11-369, 12-400.

MIDDLESEX 23
NOTTINGHAMSHIRE 3

Lancashire Middlesex won by ten wickets.
Middlesex First Innings 430-8 dec (D A Marsh 104, S D Pooley 88, M R Harman 58).
Nottinghamshire First Innings 210 (D A Marsh 104, S D Pooley 88, M R Harman 58).
Second Innings (overnight: 320-8).
D A Marsh not out 80.
D A Marsh c Shaw b Wootton 13.
Extras (10, 10, 10, 10) 40.
Total (115 overs) 238.
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-45, 3-113, 4-145, 5-181, 6-214, 7-245, 8-276, 9-307, 10-338, 11-369, 12-400.

WARWICKSHIRE 24
GLAMORGAN 2

Worcestershire Warwickshire won by ten wickets.
Warwickshire First Innings 228 (M E Cresswell 103, D L Latham 53).
Glamorgan First Innings 228 (M E Cresswell 103, D L Latham 53).
Second Innings (overnight: 320-8).
D L Latham not out 80.
D L Latham c Shaw b Wootton 13.
Extras (10, 10, 10, 10) 40.
Total (110 overs) 402.
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-45, 3-113, 4-145, 5-181, 6-214, 7-245, 8-276, 9-307, 10-338, 11-369, 12-400.

Sunday scoreboard

AXA LIFE LEAGUE

HAMPSHIRE 4
SUSSEX 0

Southampton Hampshire won by two wickets.
Hampshire First Innings 228 (M E Cresswell 103, D L Latham 53).
Sussex First Innings 228 (M E Cresswell 103, D L Latham 53).
Second Innings (overnight: 320-8).
D L Latham not out 80.
D L Latham c Shaw b Wootton 13.
Extras (10, 10, 10, 10) 40.
Total (110 overs) 402.
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-45, 3-113, 4-145, 5-181, 6-214, 7-245, 8-276, 9-307, 10-338, 11-369, 12-400.

GLAMORGAN 24
ESSEX 46

Cardiff Glamorgan won by seven wickets.
Glamorgan First Innings 281 (H Morris 82, M P Maynard 71, Law 4-49).
Essex First Innings 188 (S Law 53).
Second Innings (overnight: 320-8).
P P Maynard not out 80.
P P Maynard c Shaw b Wootton 13.
P P Maynard c Shaw b Wootton 13.
Extras (10, 10, 10, 10) 40.
Total (104.4 overs) 340.
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-45, 3-113, 4-145, 5-181, 6-214, 7-245, 8-276, 9-307, 10-338, 11-369, 12-400.

YORKSHIRE 10
KENT 11

Headingley Match drawn.
Kent First Innings 374 (B A Marsh 84, T W Ward 58, P Fleming 58; Silverwood 2-55).
Yorkshire First Innings 374 (B A Marsh 84, T W Ward 58, P Fleming 58; Silverwood 2-55).
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WARWICKSHIRE 24
DERBYSHIRE 2

Worcestershire Derbyshire won by ten wickets.
Warwickshire First Innings 228 (M E Cresswell 103, D L Latham 53).
Derbyshire First Innings 228 (M E Cresswell 103, D L Latham 53).
Second Innings (overnight: 320-8).
D L Latham not out 80.
D L Latham c Shaw b Wootton 13.
Extras (10, 10, 10, 10) 40.
Total (110 overs) 402.
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-45, 3-113, 4-145, 5-181, 6-214, 7-245, 8-276, 9-307, 10-338, 11-369, 12-400.

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WARWICKSHIRE 24
GLAMORGAN 2

Worcestershire Warwickshire won by ten wickets.
Warwickshire First Innings 228 (M E Cresswell 103, D L Latham 53).
Glamorgan First Innings 228 (M E Cresswell 103, D L Latham 53).
Second Innings (overnight: 320-8).
D L Latham not out 80.
D L Latham c Shaw b Wootton 13.
Extras (10, 10, 10, 10) 40.
Total (110 overs) 402.
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-45, 3-113, 4-145, 5-181, 6-214, 7-245, 8-276, 9-307, 10-338, 11-369, 12-400.

Lancashire go down but stay third

Lancashire slung to third place in the Sunday League despite a five-wicket defeat by Surrey at the Oval. Leicestershire, with a superior run-rate, would have moved ahead of them by winning at Northampton but lost by the same margin.

Surrey, the champions last season, passed their 207 target with Ben Hollis (69), scoring his first Sunday half-century and with Alec Stewart unbeaten on 67.

Leicestershire's hopes were dashed as Northamptonshire moved to their third league win in eight days on the heels of a second-wicket stand of 144 between the acting captain Kevin Curran (78) and Chris Richmond (69).

GLAMORGAN 24
ESSEX 46

Cardiff Glamorgan won by seven wickets.
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Essex First Innings 188 (S Law 53).
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DURHAM 0
SOMERSET 4

Cardiff Somerset won by seven wickets.
Durham First Innings 228 (M E Cresswell 103, D L Latham 53).
Somerset First Innings 228 (M E Cresswell 103, D L Latham 53).
Second Innings (overnight: 320-8).
D L Latham not out 80.
D L Latham c Shaw b Wootton 13.
Extras (10, 10, 10, 10) 40.
Total (110 overs) 402.
Fall of wickets: 1-32, 2-45, 3-113, 4-145, 5-181, 6-214, 7-245, 8-276, 9-307, 10-338, 11-369, 12-400.

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MIDDLESEX 23
NOTTINGHAMSHIRE 3

Lancashire Middlesex won by ten wickets.
Middlesex First Innings 430-8 dec (D A

Non-League

CONFERENCE			
Hereford	2	Northwich	2

[illegible]

1 Ryhope CA 2; Q1 Haswood Tn 1 St
Helena Tn 1; Lancaster C 2 Consett 2; Boo-
tie 2 Balper Tn 3; Eccleshill Utd 1
Parigate 2; Workington 0 Emley 3; Frickey
Ath 3 Morpeth Tn 3; Grates 3 Mossley
Ath 3

U; Liversidge 3; Stockbridge Fk 3; North Ferry Utd 2; Barrow 1; Newcastle Tn 3; Garforth Tn 5; Brigg Tn 3; Hucknall Tn 0; Worksop Tn 4; Oldham Tn 2; Spennymoor Utd 1; Blyth Spartans 1; Sember Bridge 1; Dunsdon Fed Brew-

**ery 1; Clithorne 4 Jarrow Roofing Boldon
CA 3; Steaveley MW 1 Lincoln Utd 5;
Marine 1 Ashton Utd 0; Guksey 3 Alfreton
Tn 0; Heenor Tn 1 Penrith 2; Harro-
gate Tn 2 Exelington Colliery 2; Ashington
0**

Uxbridge Utd 2; Torquay Utd 1; Boscworth Utd 2; Pershore Tn 0; Stourbridge 7; Bridgnorth Tn 1; Deoborough Tn 1; Bury Tn 1; Nuneaton Bor 2; Kettering Tn 1; Mifflins Blackstone 0; Gt Yarmouth Tn 2; Banbury Utd 1; Hinckley Utd 5; Stew-

arts & Lloyds 0; Shepshed Dynamo 0
Cambridge C 3; Sudbury Wndrs 3 Stafford
Rngs 0; Brackley Tn 4 Stapenhill 0;
Rochester 3 Stowmarket Tn 2.
Part Two: Tamworth 1 Bromsgrove
Rug 2; Reims Tn 2 Reel-Gins Ltd 4; 1 vs

Tn 2 Lowestoft Tn 3; Holbeach Utd 3
Graveley Pyra 6; Rothwell Tn 2 Corby Tn 1;
Racing Club Warwick 1 Redditch Utd
2; Barwell 1 Willehall Tn 2; Felbstowe
Port & Tn 2 Halesowen Tn 3; Moor

Green D Elston Tn 2; Histon 1 Newmarket
Tn 3; Diss Tn D VS Rugby 1; Bourne Tn
1 Kings Lynn 3; Northampton Spencer 1
Woodbridge Tn 1; Boldmere St Mi-
chaels 1 Wroxham D; Halesowen Harriers
D Grantham Tn 1; Whitby 3 Crayke

ley, Tn 2; Marlow 2 Littlehampton Tn 2; Fladwell Hth 1 East Thurrock Utd 0; Chertsey Hth 1 Heybridge Swifts 1; St Leonards Stamford 1 Bishop's S Stortford 0; Gl Wokingham Rm 1 Grays Ath 2;

Barnstead Ath 2 Camberley Tn 2;
Brimsdown Fvrs 1 Canvey Island 2; H-
itchin Tn 0 Bognor Regis Tn 2; Croydon
2 Horsham 1; Aveley 2 Chichester C 1;
Burnham Ramblers 0 Hastings Tn 1;
Stubbington 5 Maidm C 1; Gosport

Sports 2 Leatherhead 1; Burnham 1
Dorking 3; Concord Fings 0 Purfleet 1;
Welling Utd 3 Leyton Pennant 0; Ton-
bridge 1 Ware 0; Canterbury C 1 Worthing
1; Cheshunt 0 Sutton Utd 4; Walton &

Herisham 2 Hampton 0; Tisbury 3 Wick 1.
 Leighton Tn 1 Wingate & Finchley 2;
 Baldock Tn 0 Slough Tn 0; Uxbridge 0
 Dover Ath 2; Harlow Tn 0 Met Police 2;
 Croydon Ath 0 Wivenhoe Tn 4; Gravesend

& Northfleet 3 Braintree Tn 3; Hillingdon Bor 0 Windsor & Eton 2; Barton Rvrs 1 Clapton 0; Bedfont 2 Chesham Utd 4; Margate 5 Bracknell Tn 0; Portfield 2 Viking Sports 1; Berkhamsted Tn 1 Deal Tn 1.

Part Three: Burgess Hill Tn 1 Narrow
Bor 2; Yeading 4 Chelmsford C 2; Oak-
wood 0 Pottton Utd 1; Hythe Utd 4 Rom-
ford 7; Clacton Tn 2 Stansted 7; Edware
Tn 2 Aylesbury Utd 5; Wembley 3 Whi-

Tooting & Mitcham Utd 1 Billericay Tn 2;
 Rushlip Manor 4 Shoreham 1; Arundel
 1 Erith & Belvedere 4; Bedford Tn 1 Dul-
 wich Hamlet 1; Horne Bay 1 Dartford

2; Barking 4 Arlesey Tn 1; Hemwell Ta 3
Salford Utd 2; Marthyr Tydill 7
Brockenhurst 2; Bridgwater Tn 1 Abingdon
Tn 1; Tufley Rvrs 1 Paulton Rvrs 3;
Titcham Tn 0 Cheltenham Tn 1; Worces-

C3 Lynnington 2; Chippenham Tn 3
 Bashley 2; Wokingham Tn 1 Westfields 1;
 Yeovil Tn 1 Witney Tn 1; Oxford C 1
 Dorchester Tn 1; St Blazey 0 Tiverton Tn 2;
 Odd Down 1 Warborne Tn 4; Downton
 0 Forest Green Rvrs 4; Havant Tn 1 Bas-

Ingstoke Tn 1; Hungerford Tn 1 Fleet
Tn 4; Clevedon Tn 1 Caine Tn 1; Bideford 0
Bath C 2; Salisbury C 3 Chard Tn 0;
Buckingham Tn 1 Gosport Bar 1; Taunton
Tn 3 Newport 2; Weston-Super-Mare 1

Canterton Tn 4; Gloucester C 3 Mangotsfield Utd 0; Carleton Tn 0 Portsmouth RN 1; Melksham Tn 1 Watlington 2; Newport (low) 2 Aldershot Tn 1.

PRESS & JOURNAL HIGHLAND LEAGUE: Clackmannan 2 Huntly 3; De-

veronvale 1 Lossiemouth 3; Fort William 0 Buckie Thistle 3; Fraserburgh 2
Rothas 0; Keith 0 Brora Rangers 2. Teen-
nants League Cup: Fife Cove Rangers 0
Elgin C 1.

IRISH LEAGUE: Premier: Linfield 0

Foreign football

ITALY

Bologna	2	Internazionale	4
Florentina	3	Bari	1
Napoli	2	Eropoli	1
AC Parma	2	Atalanta	2
Vicenza	3	Piacenza	2
Saturday			

AC Milan	1	Lazio	1
Lecco	1	Udinese	2
Brescia	3	Sampdoria	3
	P	W	D
Ferencvárosi	2	2	0
Moskva	2	2	0

Fluorocaine	2	2	0	0	0	3	0
Atropine	2	1	1	0	0	4	4
Parina	2	1	1	0	4	2	4
Lido	2	1	1	0	3	1	4
Sanguinaria	2	1	1	0	5	4	4
Fluor	1	1	0	0	3	1	3

Jerusalem	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
Udinese	1	1	0	0	2	0	3
Udinese	2	1	0	1	4	4	3
Venezia	2	1	0	1	2	3	3
Venezia	2	0	2	0	2	2	2

Brescia	2	0	1	1	4	5	1
Piacenza	2	0	1	1	3	4	1
Empoli	2	0	0	2	2	5	0
Lecce	2	0	0	2	1	4	0
Bologna	2	0	0	2	4	8	0

SPANISH LEAGUE: Saturdays Bar-
celona 2 Deportivo Coruna 1; Real Madrid
2 Real Sociedad 0; Athletic Bilbao 1

GERMAN LEAGUE: Kaiserslautern 4
Stuttgart 3, Bayern München 2

Schalke 0; B Dortmund 2 Karlsruhe 2;
Duisburg 2 Werder Bremen 1; Bayer
Leipzig 2 1890 Munch 2; Bayern
Munch 3 Hertha Berlin 0; B Munchgladbach
2 Bochum 1. Freitags Arminia Biele-

DUTCH LEAGUE: Grasschap Do-

Winchem 1 NAC Breda 1: Feyenoord 1 PSV
Eindhoven 1. Seizoen: NEC Nijme-
gen 1 Twente Enschede 2: Willem II Til-
burg 0 Fortuna Sittard 0: Sparta Rot-
terdam 5 Volendam 0: Vitesse Arnhem 6
Utrecht 0: Roda JC Maastricht 0.

Roda JC Kerkrade 2; Ajax Amsterdam 4
Groningen 1. **Leading scorers:** 2
Ajax Amsterdam PS, Pals; 2 Feyenoord
5-11; 6 Twente Enschede 5-11.
PORTUGUESE LEAGUE: Varzim 1

Leão 6; Marítimo 2 Campomaiorense 1;
Selgueiras 1 Setúbal 1; Boavista 1 Rio
Ave 2; Belenenses 0 Farense 3. **Saturday**
Porto 4 Estrela Amadora 6; Benfica 1
Académica Coimbra 1. **Friday**: Chaves 1
Boavista 2, 2-1.

Grage 2; Guimarães 1 Sporting 0.
Leading scorers: 1 Porto P3, Pts9; 2
 Guimarães 3-6; 3 Marítimo 3-7.
NELMAN LEAGUE: Saturdays: Ex-
 celsior Mouscron 0 Germinal Ekeren 1;
 Charleroi 2 1. okereen 0; Bruges 2

Westerlo 0; RWD Molenbeek 2 Sint-Truiden 0; Lierse 1 Lommel 4; Genk 3 Aalst 2; Ghent 0 Heracles 0. Postponed: Antwerp v Club Brugge. Friday: Standard Liege 1 Anderlecht 2. **Lowell**

standings: 1 Genk P5, Pts16; 2 Lommel 5-13; 3 Club Brugge 4-12.

...and the ...

